HENNESSY'S
THREE STAR
BRANDY.
Insist upon having it.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,034—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1903. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD.
BRAND
Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 1903 Saturday, 2 p.m.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
28th Nov.	ARABIA	7903	.....	.....
5th Dec.	ORIENTAL	5294	AUSTRALIA	8901
12th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	.....
19th "	PENINSULAR	5294	BRITANNIA	6535
26th "	MONGOLIA	9500	.....	.....
1904.				
2nd Jan.	ORIENTAL	5294	CHINA	7912
9th "	CALEDONIA	7458	.....	.....
16th "	PENINSULAR	5294	VICTORIA	6562
23rd "	EGYPT	7912	.....	.....
30th "	ORIENTAL	5294	HIMALAYA	5590
6th Feb.	MARMORA	10500	.....	.....
13th "	PENINSULAR	5294	INDIA	7911
20th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	.....
27th "	ORIENTAL	5294	MOLDAVIA	5777
5th Mar.	PERSIA	7951	.....	.....
12th "	PENINSULAR	5294	ARCADIA	6603
19th "	MACEDONIA	10500	.....	.....
26th "	ORIENTAL	5294	AUSTRALIA	8901
2nd Apl.	CALEDONIA	7458	.....	.....
9th "	PENINSULAR	5294	OCEANA	9010
16th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	.....
23rd "	ORIENTAL	5294	MONGOLIA	9500
30th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	.....
7th May	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
14th "	MOLDAVIA	6777	.....	.....
21st "	ORIENTAL	5294	HIMALAYA	6598
28th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	.....

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi transhipto a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12-30 and 1 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals call at ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 21st November, 1903.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
QUEANIEN	4,259	G. Guignont	3rd Dec. 1903.
MEKA	5,876	Chevallier	31st Dec. 1903.
CALEDONIEN	4,218	Marcantetti	28th Jan 1904.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

She Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT, AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

S.S. "DUMBEA," 5,807 tons, Captain Le Coispellier, to sail on or about the 11th Dec. 1903.

For further Particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co, UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ, & PORT SAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st Dec. 1903.
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st Jan. 1904.
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st Feb. 1904.
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st Mar. 1904.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 500	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
†FRANZ FERDINAND	C. Matcovich	6,046	30th Nov. 1903
†NIPPON	Klansberger	6,317	22nd Dec. 1903
†CHINA	P. Ivellich	5,040	22nd Jan. 1904

*Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class Rs. 800. 2nd Class Rs. 483. Saloon Rs. 600.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

Passengers to VENICE transhipat TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO SHANGHAI, VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MARIA VALERIE	P. Berbervich	4,235	15th Dec. 1903.

For furt er particulars regarding Passages Apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent,
Lascar House, 52, Church Gate Street, For Bombay.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.
1904.

THOS. COOK AND SON'S "ORIENTAL TRAVELLERS' GAZETTE" for November contains invaluable information for HOMEWARD BOUND PASSENGERS.

A copy will be sent free on application to

THOS. COOK & SON,
13, Esplanade Road,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged to all ports.
BANKING business transacted.
Baggage forwarded,

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S.S. "DWARKA," 1,700 tons, on FRIDAY, the 4th Dec., at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI AND KARACHI.

S.S. "DUMRA," 1,700 tons, on MONDAY, 30th November, at 10 a.m.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS, KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "KANGRA," 2,100 tons, on TUESDAY, the 1st Dec., at 10 a.m., calling (weather permitting) at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebander Cutch Mandvi, Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, and Bushire, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUSHIRE, AND BUSREH.

S.S. "KATORIA," 1,200 tons, on THURSDAY, 3rd December, at 10 a.m.

FOR PORBANDER, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY AND DURBAN.

S.S. "NUDDEA," 3,000 tons, on or about TUESDAY, the 1st Dec., (with transhipment at Durban to Company's Steamers for East London, Port Elizabeth and Cape Town.)

FOR MORMUGOA, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA AND DELAGOA BAY.

S.S. "NERBUDDA," 3,000 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 15th Dec., (with transhipment at Delagoa Bay to Company's Steamers for Inhambane, Chindi, Quilimane and Mozambique.)

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA

S.S. "SINDHANA," 2,700 tons, on or about 28th November.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 27th November, 1903.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

ANCHOR LINE.

HENDERSON BROTHERS, LIMITED.

SPECIALLY REDUCED FARES.

ON January 1st, 1903, the Anchor Line made an all-round reduction on their Indian Service Fares, and their rates of Passage Money are now as follows :—

Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea) ... Rs. 550
Bombay to Marseilles ... " 525

Passengers proceeding to London from Marseilles are charged £5 extra for Railway Tickets at current rates of exchange on the fare to Marseilles. To New York, Rs. 700; Suez or Port Said, Rs. 350; London via Marseilles, Rs. 600.

Return Ticket to Liverpool (all the way by Sea), Rs. 850.

Bombay to London, via Marseilles, and back from Liverpool, Rs. 900.

Return Tickets are available for two years.

Besides the above reduction Concessions are also granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

The Anchor Line have lately added several large new passenger steamers to their fleet, each carrying fifty to sixty First Class Passengers in large airy Cabins all situated on the Upper Deck. For comfort these steamers cannot be surpassed.

The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about thirty hours. Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced Stewardess and is fitted out with every comfort. All Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

The following sailings have been arranged :—

Steamers.	Captains	Tons.	Sailing about.
OLYMPIA	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	5,124	28th Nov. 1903
SCINDIA	S. Abrey	3,803	12th Dec. 1903
BRITANNIA	T. Blaikie	3,069	31st Dec. 1903

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by steamers between Karachi and Bombay. Passengers wishing to embark at Karachi can obtain through tickets via Bombay to Europe Passengers must obtain the tickets for such passages before embarking from Messrs. D. GRAHAM & Co. Karachi, or from us.

For rates for steamers not carrying Surgeon and Stewardess, or any other information regarding Passages, &c., apply to the Undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.

(CITY & HALL LINES, etc.)

JOINT PASSENGER SERVICE.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY :—

From BOMBAY	1st Class. A.		1st Class but without Surgeon or Stewardess. B.		Cargo Boats or 2nd Class. C.	
	Single.	Returns.	Single.	Returns.	Single.	Returns.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To SUEZ	400	600	330	500	300	450
MARSEILLES	475	800	450	700	360	540
LIVERPOOL	550	850	470	720	420	640
LONDON via MARSEILLES (Overland.)	600	...	525	..	480	..

Class.	Steamers.	Tons.	Commanders.	Sail about 1904.
B.	MERTON HALL	6700	C. Prowse	29th Jan.
A.	CITY of ATHENS	8000	J. Wilson	3rd Feb.
A.	CITY of BOMBAY	6300	F. Snow	4th Mar.
A.	CITY of OXFORD	6980	A. Findlay	10th Mar.
A.	CITY of VENICE	8000	W. Khaut	30th Mar.
B.	MERTON HALL	6600	C. Prowse	20th April.
A.	CITY of VIENNA	6980	J Campbell	30th April.

The above Steamers SAIL via KARACHI. Surgeon and Stewardess, Electric Light, &c. Special Rates for Missionaries, Planters, Railway Servants, &c.

For Passage and further Particulars, apply to

Messrs. EDWARD BATES & SON'S AGENCY,
(KILLICK, NIXON & Co.)
Agents :—ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,
BOMBAY.

WILLIAM WATSON & Co.,

BANKERS & PASSENGER AGENTS,
(ESTABLISHED 1867.)
8, Hornby Road—BOMBAY.

CALCUTTA—8, Dalhousie Square, E.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—(Head Office), 7, Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, S.W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
MARSEILLES—82, Rue de la Republique.
PORT SAID—8, Quay Francois Joseph.
CAPE TOWN—92, Adderley Street, S.A.
DURBAN S.A.—Gardiner Street.
JOHANNESBURG, S. A. 17, Green's Buildings, Commissioner Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with any amount over Rs. 200, and Interest allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 3, 6, 9 and 12 Months, at interest to be learned on Application.
PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES collected.
Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.
DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.
TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange of the day.
ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.
TELEGRAMS sent to CODE addressing expense, at Ordinary Rates.
GOLD, SILVER, &c. bought and sold.
GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.
LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.
MONIES Cabled and paid same day in England. Cost of Message about Rs. 8, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.
ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.
Agents for the STANDARD and ORIENTAL LIFE Offices.
Information promptly given and Enquiries cautiously made.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

THE DENSMORE TYPEWRITER.

WHAT IS NEW

SOLID, ONE-PIECE FRAME.
WIDE BALL BEARINGS at Typebars.
TWO SHIFT KEYS, two Shifts each.
BACK SPACER KEY.
AUTOMATIC RIBBON REVERSE.
WHEEL ESCAPEMENT, giving ordinary and speed action.
POINTER, showing vertical and lateral position of the writing.
UNIQUE PAPER REGULATOR.
JUSTIFIER to condense a word or line.
AUTOMATIC PAPER RELEASE.
PAPER FEEDING GUIDES.
BALL-BEARINGS, added at many places.

SOLE AGENTS:
ORIENTAL COMMERCIAL AGENCY,
50-52, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

DR. MAGINN'S FAMOUS "AMERICAN SPECIFIC G."

"Specific," means certain, infallible; and Dr. MAGINN'S "American Specific G." is the only certain safe and speedy cure for all cases of Gonorrhœa, Gleet, or Urinary Irritation in any stage of the disease. It prevents stricture and all other bad consequences. This remedy is compounded personally by the distinguished Specialist J. A. MAGINN, M.D., L.M.C., L.S.B., M.R., U.S.A., who has had many years experience in thousands of cases. Immediate relief and permanent cure. Dr. MAGINN'S written guarantee in every package. Beware of fraudulent imitations. See Dr. MAGINN'S signature on every package. Price Rs. 3 sent in stamped wrapper by Registered Post to any address on receipt of price. Circulars and Testimonials free for stamp. Address: J. A. MAGINN, M.D., 52/1, Beadon Street, Calcutta.

"When you write, please mention this Paper."

GUARANTEED CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES

Our Special Brands.

"A. 1." and "Elephant."

REWARD of Rs. 100 will be paid to any one who brings to our notice any INFRINGEMENT of our BRAND by any unscrupulous person and secures a conviction in the Police Court.

GOVINDJEE MADHOWJEE & CO.,
67, Meadows Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC Co.,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS,

STOCK & SHOW ROOMS,
9-11, MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

RATNER SAFE CO., LD.,
OF LONDON.
MANUFACTURERS OF TWELVE CORNER BENT FIRE, FALL, AND THIEF RESISTING SAFES.

WE have received a large consignment of these SAFES to be SOLD at the Wholesale Prices. Apply to the Undersigned, at their Office, 67, Meadow Street, Fort.

PURSHOTAM VISHRAM & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS,
Bombay, July, 1903.

THE ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS EXCEED TWO CRORES and TEN LAKHS INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rates are the lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's actual experience since its Establishment.

Unsurpassed in ADVANTAGES, and LIBERALITY to POLICYHOLDERS.

Safest and Best Organization for Policyholders of any Indian Company.

Claims paid immediately upon receipt of satisfactory proof.

ENDOWMENTS AND ANNUITIES ON SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS.

Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application to the Company's Office, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

OUR SPECIALITIES FOR THE LAST 35 YEARS.

HAMS, BACON AND CHEESE,

AS SUPPLIED TO GOVERNMENT HOUSES
SIMLA, CALCUTTA, MADRAS & BOMBAY,
and over 300
CLUBS AND MESSES THROUGHOUT INDIA AND BURMA.

BARNES & CO'S
OILMEN STORES
FRESH EVERY FORTNIGHT BY P. AND O. MAIL STEAMER FROM LONDON.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

W. B. GREEN & CO.,
PROVISION MERCHANTS, CATERERS, &c.,
APOLLO BUNDER, BOMBAY,
GREEN'S CAFÉ RESTAURANT.
ESTABLISHED 1868.

SAFES! SAFES!!
BY F. G. GRIFFIN & CO., DUDLEY.
WROUGHT IRON FIRE-RESISTING.

THE "LONDON," 24 inch by 17 inch by 15 inch, one Drawer, Rs. 85.
Ditto 26 inch by 18 inch by 17 " " " 100.

The above have FIRE-RESISTING CHAMBERS fitted with Griffin's improved Fire-resisting Composition. Solid Steel Doors, Strong Bolts, secured with Griffin's Improved Lever Locks, with Duplicate Keys.

BEST STEEL, FIRE AND BURGLAR-RESISTING.

THE "DUDLEY" 24 inch by 17 inch by 16 inch, one Drawer, Rs. 95
Ditto 20 inch by 20 inch by 20 inch, two Drawers, Rs. 130
Ditto 36 inch by 24 inch by 24 inch, two Drawers, Rs. 175

These Safes are constructed on an entirely new principle. They are made from solid Steel Plates which are bent cold by Powerful Machinery, thus doing away with joints at corners. The Chambers are fitted with Griffin's Improved Steam-generating, non-conducting Composition, Solid Steel Doors, with strong Massive Bolts, and are secured with Griffin's Improved Powder-proof Locks, protected with Drill-proof Steel Plates.

W. CROWDER AND CO., LD.,
BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

THE ITALIAN STORES.
C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.

STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA REUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY, AND THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE, RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE MEN-O'-WARS.

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESES
FINEST LUCCA OIL, PURE ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR.

MILAN SAUSAGES in Skin (Italian). Anchovies Salted (loose). Black and Green Olives (loose). All kind of French, Italian, and German Stores.

Largest Importers of Fresh MACARONI, VERMICELLI AND SOUP PASTES assorted Fresh consignments arriving here every month. Special Reduction in Prices for the Season only. MACARONI, at 5 ans. lb. and VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTE, ans. 6 lb, or a box holding 10 lbs. nett at Rs. 3.

LENTILLES, Beans small and double, Rice (Carolina), WALNUTS, ALMONDS and HAZELNUTS

MASTIC de CHIO, VERMOUTH (Italian and French), CHIANTI, BARBERA, CAPRI LACRIMA CHRISTI, and MARSALA., CHERRY and BLACKBERRY BRANDY.

Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET as a Speciality and a thoroughly Genuine article.—Only Rs. 10 per Doz. Bots.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES
NOW ARRIVING.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FANCY BOXES
JUST UNPACKED.
INSPECTION INVITED.

MARRONS GLACES, CRYSTALLIZED FRUIT,
PARISIAN DRAGEES AND FRESH-MADE
FONDANTS, ALMOND PASTE SWEETS,
IMITATION FRUIT AND FLOWERS,
CHOCOLATES, Etc., Etc.

NEW PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.
TELEPHONE No. 325.
ALL ORDERS receive the prompt and careful attention of the MANAGING PROPRIETORS.

MONGINI BROTHERS,
25—27, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY

ASK FOR

SOKAL.

IT IS A STRENGTH PRODUCING, FORTIFYING AND DIGESTIVE
TONIC WINE
Highly recommended by Medical Profession.

OBTAINABLE FROM :

THOMSON & TAYLOR.	FELICE CORNAGLIA.
MONGINI BROS.	D. C. OOMRIGUR.
THOMPSON, THOMAS & Co.	D. D. BARIA.

HUXLEY'S "MUSAFFI" SALVE,
ANNIHILATES PAIN IN FIVE MINUTES

CURES Pain of all kinds in the Limbs and Soulders; Cracks, Fissures, Indolent Sores, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Stiff Joints.

RELIEVES Headaches, Stomachaches, Migraines, Cold on the Chest, Mosquito and Insect Bites and all painful symptoms.

SOLD IN TINS,

Which can be sent by Post, 12 annas, Plus 3 Annas for V. P. P.

BOMBAY AGENTS :—
ESAFALLY HIPTOLLA,
ABDOOL REHMAN STREET, BOMBAY.
UPCOUNTRY AGENTS WANTED.

WATCHES: GOOD WATCHES.
MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

EVERY WATCH, no matter how cheap, is carefully examined and timed and guaranteed.

WATCHES—NICKEL
WATCHES—SILVER
WATCHES—OXIDISED
WATCHES—GOLD.

WATCHES—SWISS, ENGLISH, AMERICAN,—WATCHES.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LD.
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

NEMESIS' THE MAGIC CURE for Malaria, Influenza, Intermittent, Remittent and Plague Fevers. A trial is solicited. Per Bottle, Rs. 1
F. S. MADON & Co., 170, Shaikh Memon St. Bombay. AGUE SPECIFIC.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS & LONDON.

CHRISTMAS ! CHRISTMAS !

BAHADUR CIGARS.

FRIENDS AT HOME SHOULD NOT BE FORGOTTEN

AT XMAS TIME

WHAT MORE WELCOME PRESENT COULD BE THOUGHT OF THAN A HAMPER OF REALLY

CHOICE CIGARS!

SUCH AS THE FAVOURITE

"BAHADUR."

PRICES :

Delivered Free of all Charges at any given address in the United Kingdom.

LIGHT OF ASIA	I	...	...	...	Rs. 16	8 per 100
" " "	II	...	...	...	" 13	2 " "
" " "	III	...	...	...	" 11	10 " "
BAHADUR Havanah & Special Shape	I	...	...	...	" 17	10 " "
" "	II	...	...	...	" 13	2 " "
" "	III	...	...	...	" 10	11 " "
BOUQUETS	I	...	...	...	" 17	7 " "
"	II	...	...	...	" 13	8 " "
"	III	...	...	...	" 11	14 " "
QUEEN EMPRESS	I	..	...	...	" 16	8 " "
" "	II	...	...	...	" 13	2 " "
" "	III	...	...	...	" 11	10 " "

TRY! TRY!! TRY!!!

DR. SPOONER HART'S

1. PREPARED MEAL FOR DOG BISCUITS FOR
3. PREPARED FOO POULTRY.
4. 'NUTRIENT' (a rich Fluid F... with the ordinary for HORSES and CATTLE.

1. Every Dog owner should use Dr. Spooner Hart's Prepared Meal for Dogs. A diet of great value and equally suitable for all classes and is *par excellence* the food for puppies.
Rs. 1-0 per 10-lb. bag.

2. Biscuits for Dogs—An appetising staple diet for sporting and other Dogs.
Rs. 2-0 per 10-lb. bag.

3. Prepared Food for Poultry—Will double the profit of laying birds, and quickly increase the weight of birds for the table and is protective against disease.
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4. 'Nutrient'—A fattening, conditioning fodder adjunct of distinction, and unequalled for value for maintaining condition. Horses and Cattle will fatten on it in a few days.
Rs. 3-0 per tin with full directions.

R. S. HART BROS.,
CALCUTTA.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

FOR FOUR NIGHTS ONLY.
MONDAY NOV. 30TH, TUESDAY DEC. 1st, THURSDAY DEC. 3RD, FRIDAY DEC. 4TH.
EACH EVENING 9.30 O'CLOCK.
Tour of the Parisienne Artistes.
GASPARD AND NEVA
FROM THE
"AMBASSADEURS" PARIS.
AND ALL THE
PRINCIPAL MUSIC HALLS OF EUROPE
In their Sparkling and Unique Entertainments.
GASPARD AND NEVA
Have met with unequalled success throughout Europe in their Original Songs, Dances and other creations which have been so much applauded at the "Ambassadeurs" Paris, and the leading Large Establishments of the Chief Capitals of Europe.
MLLE. RENÉE FLORE,
Comic Singer of the Alcazar D'Ete
And the talented Composer and Artiste.
PAUL FRANTZ,
Chief Composer of the GASPARD-NEVA Troupe.
PRICES OF ADMISSION:—Stalls, Rs. 4 and 3; Dress Circle Rs. 3 and 2; Pit and Gallery Re. 1.
Plans at SOUNDY and Co.

AUSTRALIAN FODDER Co.

FOR greater convenience, in controlling our steadily increasing BUSINESS with all parts of India and in order to be nearer the great centres of DEMAND and FODDER SUPPLIES, the Head Office of the Australian Fodder Company and Calvilli Australian Veterinary Remedies has been transferred to Debra Dun U. P. The Calcutta Agency, will continue to execute all orders from constituents in its District as usual, and due Notice will be given of the establishment of new local Agencies elsewhere

NOTICE.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT HAVE APPOINTED A COMMISSION to enquire into the physical development of its subjects.
THE AMERICAN SCHOOL OF SCIENCE and PHYSICAL CULTURE will pay Rs. 50 to any of their pupils who fail to pass tests in Physical Culture which they have agreed to prepare the pupil for.
For particulars of our Course apply to
32, Broadway,
Madras.

A BOON TO SMART LADIES, BUSINESS HOUSES, AND FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKERS.

MADAME LORAINE, of the PARISIAN MODEL CUTTING Co., 29 Maddox St., Regent St., London, England, wishes to introduce her excellent well cut patterns in Long, representing Gowns, Cloaks, Bodices, also improved Dress stands the best yet produced, Beautiful Corsets, and French Model Gowns, and Parisian Millinery are supplied by this unique firm.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY,
The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.
Annual Subscription (in advance) ..... Rs. 12
Ditto (including postage to Europe), Rs. 15
Single Copy ..... As. 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, 13, Esplanade Road.

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

BOMBAY EXTRA MEETINGS, 1903-04.

IT is proposed to hold the FIRST EXTRA MEETING on SATURDAY, 12th December, 1903, and about 11 Extra Meetings will be held during the Season.
Rates of subscription for Season Tickets for the Extra Meetings are as follows:—

	Grand Stand Enclosure and Private Paddock.	Grand Stand and Enclosure only.
MEMBERS of the TURF CLUB.	Rs.	Rs.
Single Ticket only	30	
Double Ticket i. e., separate Tickets for 1 Lady and 1 Gentleman	35	
Additional Lady's Ticket each.	5	
NON-MEMBERS of the TURF CLUB.		
Single Ticket only	40	30
Double Ticket i. e., separate Tickets for 1 Lady and 1 Gentleman	45	35
Additional Lady's Ticket each	5	
Single Ticket, Lady only	15	

N. B.—Gentleman's Tickets are not transferable.
Ladies' Tickets are transferable.
Ladies and Members of the Turf Club are admitted to the Private Paddock Free.
Non-Members of the Turf Club will be charged Re. 1 for admission to Private Paddock.

DAY TICKETS.
FIRST ENCLOSURE.

	Rs.
Lady only	2
Lady accompanied by Gentleman, each	1
Single Ticket	5
Child's Ticket	2

SECOND ENCLOSURE.

Single Ticket	Rs. 1-8
Lady or Child	As. 12

Season Tickets will not be sold at the Gate and can be had only on application to
THE SECRETARY, W. I. T. C.
Morland Road, BYCULLA.
or to MR. ANANDRAO SITTARAM,
5, Green Street, FORT.
Day Tickets will be sold at the Gate only.
No Tickets will be issued without payment.
CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.
Bombay, 15th November, 1903.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that NAWAB MAHOMED KAMAL KHAN, of Hyderabad Deccan Mahomedan, has entered into a conditional contract with the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay TO SELL to those Trustees the undermentioned property, viz:—
All that piece of land situate in the City and Island and Sub-registration District of Bombay, containing by estimation 13,009 sq. yards or thereabouts, together with the dwelling-houses and other houses, buildings and erections standing thereon, bounded on or towards the North by Imamwada Road, Mogal Mosque, and Khoja Burial Ground, on or towards the East by the said Khoja Burial Ground, on or towards the South partly by Khoja Burial Ground, partly by Imamwada Mosque and partly by properties bearing Ward Nos. 2438, 2434, 2440 (2), 2, 3, and 2361, and on or towards the West by Memonwada Road and delineated on the Plan No. M-410, dated 26th October, 1903, annexed to the said Agreement, a copy of which Plan can be seen at the Office of the said Trustees, Albert Buildings, Rampart Road, within the Fort of Bombay) and thereon surrounded by a red border line which said piece of land is part of land registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under the following Nos. viz:—Old No. 383 and 17, New Survey No. 3099, Pension and Tax and which said property is registered by the Municipality of Bombay, under the following Nos. viz:—
B. Ward Nos. 2438, 2445, 2432, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2442a 2432 (1), 2433 (2), 2433 (3), 2433 (4), 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2447, 2445, 2442, 2440 (1), 2440 (2), 2451 (1), 2451 (2), 2451 (3), 2451 (4), 2452 (1), 2452 (2), 2452 (3), 2452 (4).
Street Nos. 611, 27, 5, 6, 7-9, 10, 11, 21-24, 21, 12a, 12b, 13c, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 25, 26, 28-29, 30, 31-32, 33, 34, 34a, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41 and 42, and is now in the occupation of the Vendor or his tenants.
All persons having any claim against the said property either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Offices at 20, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase may be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered waived—Dated this 18th day of November, 1903.
CRAWFORD, BROWN & Co.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

A FORTUNE.

In the event of a stroke of good fortune you can win 800,000 Marks, say 40,000 £ sterling.
The payment of the prizes is guaranteed by Government.
First drawing: Dec. 17th.
GERMAN GREAT MONEY LOTTERY
of the State of Hamburg.
You are invited to participate in the
CHANCES OF WINNING
In the grand drawings of prizes guaranteed by the State of Hamburg in which
M. 11,306,390 or about £565,300 sterl.
SURELY HAVE TO BE WON.
The entire number of Tickets issued is 115,000 of which 87,745, consequently nearly one half of all Tickets issued must draw a prize.
The highest prize in the most fortunate case will eventually be:
800,000 Marks or about £30,000 sterl.
Especially there are the following principal prizes

Premiums:		Premiums:	
1 of 300,000 M	abt. £ 15,000	1 of 40,000 M	abt. £ 2,000
1 of 200,000 M	" 10,000	4 of 30,000 M	" 1,500
1 of 80,000 M	" 4,000	6 of 20,000 M	" 1,000
1 of 60,000 M	" 3,000	2 of 15,000 M	" 750
2 of 40,000 M	" 2,000	16 of 10,000 M	" 500
1 of 35,000 M	" 1,750	65 of 5,000 M	" 250
1 of 30,000 M	" 1,500	103 of 3,000 M	" 150
		155 of 2,000 M	" 100
1 of 100,000 M	" 5,000	616 of 1,000 M	" 50
1 of 80,000 M	" 4,000	14 of 500 M	" 25
1 of 60,000 M	" 3,000	1022 of 400 M	" 20
1 of 50,000 M	" 2,500		

One German Mark is equal to one English shilling.
In all the Lottery contains 137,755 prizes and 8 premium-prizes.
The latter are additional prizes awarded in each drawing to the respective ticket drawn the last with a principal prize in accordance with the regulations of the official prospectus.
These 55,755 prizes must be surely won in 7 drawings within the space of a few months.
The highest possible prize 1st drawing amounts to M. 80,000, increases in 2nd drawing to M. 55,000, in 3rd to M. 60,000, in 4th to M. 72,000, in 5th to M. 80,000, in 6th to M. 91,000 and finally in 7th drawing to Marks 800,000
The official cost for participation in the first two drawings amounts to £ —18sh.—d. for a full ticket
" — 9 " — " for half a ticket
" — 4 " 6 " for one quarter of a ticket.
Half resp. quarter tickets will entitle to one half resp. one quarter of the amount, won by the respective number, named on the ticket.
The stakes for participation in the following drawings, as well as the exact price-table, are indicated in the official prospectus, which I send on demand gratis in advance. The prospectus is also send gratis with every order. After the drawing I shall forward to every ticket-holder the official list of the winning-numbers.
THE PAYMENT AND FORWARDING OF THE AMOUNTS WON
to those concerned will have my special and prompt attention, and with the MOST ABSOLUTE SECRECY.
REMITTANCE OF MONEY can be made by BANK-NOTES by registered letter or by Post-Office-Order.
On account of the approaching drawing of the prizes, please address the orders immediately in all confidence direct to
SAMUEL HECKSCHER SENR,
Banker,
at HAMBURG, Germany.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT
OF THE
LONDON COMEDY COMPANY.
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
SATURDAY, 28TH NOVEMBER,
GRAND FAREWELL PERFORMANCE,
"HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR."
THE PERFORMANCE
THIS EVENING
will commence at 9 P. M. Sharp.
Plans now open at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.
PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Orchestra Stalls ..... Rs. 4
Dress Circle ..... " 3
Pit Chairs ..... " 2
Gallery ..... " 1

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that MR. GEORGE POWER SHARLING is no longer Manager of the Bombay Depot of the DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., Ld., and has CEASED to represent the Company in any capacity.
This notice is issued on behalf of and acting under instructions from the DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co. Ld.
A. F. FERGUSON & Co,
13, Sirdar's Palace, Apollo Street, Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS' RETURN TICKETS AT REDUCED FARES.

FIRST and SECOND CLASS RETURN TICKETS at a FARE and a HALF will be issued between any two Stations on the G. I. P. Railway (except for passengers to and from Stations between Bombay and Kalyan), from MONDAY, the 14th to THURSDAY, the 31st December, 1903, both days inclusive, available for the completion of the return up to midnight of the 11th January, 1904.
Full particulars of the concession allowed over other Railways can be obtained at Stations or from the Undersigned.
A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, the 1st December, 1903.

NOTICE is hereby given that MR. JAGMOHANDAS VARDIVANDAS, has contracted TO SELL the undermentioned property as one of the transferees of the mortgage of the said property, dated the 20th day of April, 1895, and made between HAI JADABHAI, widow of GIRDHARDAS MOHANDAS of the one part and NARANJI DWARKADAS of the other part, under the power of sale contained in the said mortgage. Any person or persons having any claim against the same or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, mortgage, lease, lien or otherwise should make the same known to the Undersigned or to the Collector of the Municipal rates and taxes, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the said sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same will be considered to have been waived.
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenements or ranges of buildings or sheds standing thereon, situate on the Northern side of the Arthur Line in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 251 6-9 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector formerly under No. 1 and now under C Ward No. 1199-1,00 and 1201, and Street Nos. 75-117 to 121 Agiary Lane, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 64, and Collector's New No. 630, Old Survey No. 377, and New survey No. 233, Pension and Tax and Tenure and bounded on or towards the North by the compound wall and appertaining to the house formerly of Gopinath Ramchandra and now of Sooroji Keshavnath, on or towards the South by the said Agiary Lane, on or towards the East by the New Wadi Lane and sweeper's passage, a moiety of which belongs to the said premises, and on or towards the West by the house of Vasudev Ramchandra, deceased.
CHITNIS & MOTILAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Bombay, 27th November, 1903.

NOTICE.

MARINE STORES of INDIAN MANUFACTURE or PRODUCE required for the ROYAL INDIAN MARINE DOCKYARD, Bombay. Tenders will be received at the Bombay Dockyard upto 1 p.m. of 30th November, 1903.
For particulars see Bombay "Government Gazette" of 5th November, 1903, or apply to the Undersigned.
S. GOODRIDGE,
Director, R. I. M., Bombay.
Bombay, 4th November, 1903.

TO MARINE ENGINEERS.

SOTHERN'S MARINE ENGINEERING COLLEGE,
39 Bridge St, Glasgow.
PRINCIPAL—J. W. SOTHERN, M.I.E.S.,
Practical Engineer and Draughtsman.
ENGINEERS who intend competing for BOARD of TRADE CERTIFICATES can be supplied with the following, on remitting £ 1-5-0 to above address:
1 Complete set Arithmetical Papers and Solutions,
1 " Drawing Cards with "Instructions" and "Statements."
1 Copy "Elementary Questions and Answers."
1 " "Verbal Notes and Sketches."
Part of the above money will be allowed to those, who on going home, join our classes previous to going up for Examination.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.
SEASON 1904.

Passages Booked by:—
P & O., MAIL.
HALL LINE.
CITY LINE,
ANCHOR LINE.
ITALIAN LINE,
AUSTRIAN LLOYDS.
} Best available berths secured. Reductions to Railway Employes, Missionaries and families obtained.
PASSAGES for non-liners registered on application. Baggage received, shipped and stored at low rates. Passengers met on arrival at Railway Stations.
For particulars and sailings apply to
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PASSENGER & SHIPPING AGENTS,
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THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.
They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs 35
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT, AND SUMMARY OF TRADE
Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report,
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1895 and 1902 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1895 and 1902, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
Lists of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Charters and Engagements.
Annual Subscription in advance... Rs. 10.
Single Copy ..... Annas 4.
Bombay Gazette Office, 13, Esplanade Road

NOTES.

INDIAN LAND REVENUE
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND
POLICY
BY
TODARMAR
Price Re. 1, Postage half-anna
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Bombay

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.
RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

ENGLISH-MADE Electro-Plated Presentation Table Lamps, Artistic but not obtrusive, Fitted with globes and chimnies or lace shades, holders and chimnies, From Rs. 18 to Rs. 35 each.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, &c., Bombay and Poona.

CYCLISTS.—Insist upon Dunlop Tyres, Dunlop Covers, Dunlop Rims, Dunlop Midget Outfit From all Cycle Dealers—THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., Ltd., 49, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

COMPOUND NEROINE ELIXIR: Imparts health strength and energy. Makes tired, wiry, worn out feelings impossible. For bottle Rs. 2-8. THOMSON and TAYLOR Bombay and Poona.

WANTED, a Lady TEACHER, in English and Music, for two hours daily. Apply to RUTTONBAI H. BOMONJEE, Nepean Sea Road.

WANTED—PRACTICAL MANAGER, for Machine Department, of large Printing Press, State full particulars and salary required to Box "No. 66N." Advt, Dept. "Bombay Gazette".

AULD SCOTTIE.—The St. Andrew's Dinner WHISKY. For Sale, at all Wine Merchants.

HAIR-TONE.—For Ladies, for Gentlemen, for Babies. A harmless preparation for the Hair.—HAIR-TONE Co., 4, Bruce Lane, Fort, Bombay.

ON VIEW.—Mr. Clarence St. Paul's Valuable Furniture, Glass, Crockery and Plated ware, Piano, etc., at Marzban Road, over the Elphinstone Circle Club's Building, next to the Masonic Hall, to be SOLD TO-MORROW.

DOMESTIC SERVANTS' AGENCY, Bombay Presidency. THE ORIGINAL FIRM supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Caste Goanese and Mohammedan Servants, Cooks, Butlers, Ayahs and Nurses, etc., for the Mofussil and abroad. Only A-1 and healthy servants recommended after exhaustive enquiries into their antecedents. Patronized by the Army, Navy, leading Clubs, Fee Rs. 4 each. OSBORN & Co., 11, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

DON'T FAIL to READ OUR BOOK on the "CHALLENGE to Warwick Peele of the 'Up-to-date Shorthand'". Write MOSES BENJAMIN, 17 and 19, Churchgate Street, Bombay.

SHORTHAND.—Pupils who have tried Pitman for 1, 2, or 3 years and can't get up speed, or cannot read their notes, acquire take up the "Up-to-date Shorthand" when you may write at Verbatim speed in a few weeks. Thousands have accomplished this. "Pitmanites" die hard, but the "Up-to-daters" are fully alive Studies at Bombay, Madras, Poona, Ahmedabad, and Karachi, and will be all over India within another year.

FIRST CLASS Rubber Tyred LANDAUS and VICTORIAS with pairs of horses to BE LET by the month at Bombay at moderate rates. Also good Phaetan and Tonga Daks for Mahableshwar and Panchgani.—BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dak Supplier to H. E. the Governor, Main Street, Poona.

MATHERAN GRANVILLE HOTEL is NOW OPENED for Visitors, entirely under new and better Management. Occupies the highest and most central position consisting of detached Bungalows and Blocks, suitable for Families and others.

PLATINOGRAPH ENLARGEMENT.—Highest quality of work.—DEVARE & Co., Artists and Photographers, 67, Medows Street, Bombay.

LIFE INSURANCE.—Mr. E. P. HENDERSON, I. C. S., Rd. whose work has practically doubled since last year, carefully begs all who consult him to explicitly state their age, object in insuring and probable length of Indian residence. Existing Policies on which his opinion is required should be sent (registered) in original or else be accurately described.—28, Kensington Gardens Square London, W.

SPLENDID SELECTION of CARRIAGE TIMEPIECES and CLOCKS, with and without Alarm from Rs. 20 to Rs. 100; quarter striking Rs. 125.—BURJORJI DAWASJEE G. I. P. Ry. Watchmaker, 55, Esplanade Rd.

THIS IS NOT A THEORY but a fact, no dream but a stern reality, that MUNK'S ASTHMA BALSAM gives relief in five minutes and permanent cure by using it as directed. Rs. 2.—MADON SONS & Co., Bombay.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library, Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest Designs, made and ready.—Chuckla, No. 9.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY, from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL, 150° sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., at Rs. 80-2 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhat, at Rs. 5-1-2 per case, at Bandora.

CHESTER BRAND HIGH GRADE of AMERICAN 150° Fire Test Oil. Imported by STANDARD OIL Co. of New York. Sold at their Godowns, Mazagaon.

TO PRINTERS—FOR SALE, a CROWN FOLIO TREADLE MACHINE (by Harrold of London) in fairly good condition. For particulars apply to the SUPERINTENDENT, *Bombay Gazette*, Bombay.

BEST INDIAN and CHINA SILK EMBROIDERY in Screens, Cushion, Bed and Table Covers, etc., just received.—P. MEHTA & Co., Medows Street, Fort.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Mail Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c, Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS.—NEW PHOTOGRAPHIC SALON is NOW OPEN to the Public. A FREE ART EXHIBITION and one of the interesting studios of Bombay is most cordially solicited, which is sure to give you satisfaction.—Tata New Building, Hornby Road, Top Floor, Lift available.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY, Neatly printed, Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants, Patronized by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Exporters of First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee, Fee, Bombay, Rs. 2, and Moffusil Rs. 3 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, Established, 1878.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1 Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross, London.

IN CONSTANT USE FOR 10 YEARS.—Mrs. M. Blyth, Colaba, says:—Singer's Family Machines had been in constant use for 10 years, for both heavy and light work, and only cost me few annas for trifling repairs.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY edition.—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay, Rs. 15 to the Mofussil

EK-DANT RINGWORM SPECIFIC.—The only Remedy known which cures Ringworm or Dhobie' Itch in one application. Per bottle, Ans. 12. Prepared only by THOMSON and TAYLOR, Bombay and Poona.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, "Bombay Gazette," Steam Press.

FOR SALE.—OLD MAGAZINES, of various dates, Macmillan's, The National Review Calcutta Review, &c., &c. Apply C. C., care of "Bombay Gazette."

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS, Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY MEROTRIC COMPANY, Electrical Engineers and Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and its East, Contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route to India and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 3 Annas. Corrected up to date and revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and all Booksellers and Railway Termini

MEDICAL GALVANISM.

HAS CONQUERED some of the most obstinate complaints after all other remedies have failed.
BELTS IMPROVED ELECTRIC BELTS and BATTERIES, for wearing next the body without blistering or injuring the skin. These appliances are PERFECT GENERATORS OF ELECTRICITY and are most comfortable in wear.
PRICE ONE GUINEA.
RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO and GOUT are speedily RELIEVED or CURED by this Powerful Agent.
ELECTRIC BELT and SUSPENSOR for MEN, for VARICOCKLE, Nervous DEBILITY, and EXHAUSTION, &c. Price TWO GUINEAS.
PAMPHLETS GRATIS, CONSULTATIONS FREE.
HALE AND SON, MEDICAL GALVANISTS
105 REGENT STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.
N.B.—Size of Waist required.

KEMP'S NEW "TAJ" FILTER.
PASTEUR PRINCIPLE.
NO CHARCOAL. SAND. TROUBLE.
A perfect Filter at a moderate price, which your servants cannot possibly go wrong with.
PRICES.—No. 00=1 gallon, Rs. 15-0 nett. No. 0=2 gallons, Rs. 20-0 nett. No. 1=3 gallons, Rs. 25-0 nett. No. 2=4 gallons, Rs. 30-0 nett.
MANUFACTURED IN ENGLAND,
Specially for
KEMP & CO., LTD.
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS, BOMBAY.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 93 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses:—

POMMERY AND GRENO,	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jeres.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON,	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co,	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
BOLLINGER,	Ay.
GIESLER & Co.	Avize.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS.	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL,	Edinburg.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
J. SACCONE.	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT,	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms.
O. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côte d' Or.
ACKERMANN LAURANCE,	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL.	Budapesth.
R. SOHLUMBERGER.	Vöslau.
JAMES CATCHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
HENRY WHITEWAY & Co.	Whimple.
RUTHERFORD & BROWNE.	London.
JOHN JAMESON & SON.	Dublin.
WILLIAM & KEITH JOPP.	Aberdeen.
SÖHNLEIN & Co.	Schierstein
STEWART STEWART & Co.	London.
NOILLY PRAT & CIE.	Marseilles.
COATES & Co.	Plymouth.
MARTELL & Co.	Cognac.
P. B. BURGOYNE & Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines Spirits, or Liqueurs &c., from the above well-known Firms without the inconvenience and expense of importing them direct.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO
PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

LAWSON'S LIQUEUR WHISKY.

Justly noted for its age, softness, Mellowness, and fine Character.
Strongly recommended to all who desire a good Whisky.
Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD., BOMBAY
SOLE AGENTS.

WHAT IS THIS?
ARE YOU NOT AWARE OF IT?
That we give PRIZES FREE of COST, to our Customers with a view of introducing our Specialities in this Country.
Rs. 5,000
TO THE PURCHASERS OF A PURE SILVER PENCIL,
Rs. 2-8.
LADY'S MUFF CHAIN,
Rs. 2,
PURE SILVER TRINKET RING,
Re. 1-8.
SET OF STUDS OR GENT'S CHAIN,
Re. 1-8.
ENGLISH-MADE TIME-PIECE,
(WITH FIVE YEARS' GUARANTEE.)
Rs. 3-8.
ENGLISH PALANKEEN TIME-PIECE,
(WITH TEN YEARS' GUARANTEE.)
Rs. 4-8.
LADY'S OR GENT'S SILVER WATCH,
(WITH FIVE YEARS' GUARANTEE.)
Rs. 7-8.
UP-TO-DATE
These WATCHES and TIME-PIECES are up-to-date in London and America, not for their Cheapness but for thier Durability and Reliable Timekeeping.
Prize Tickets will be presented free of cost up to the 5th DECEMBER, 1903, and the DRAWING will be held on the 12th DECEMBER, 1903, on the "Art Union Principle," in the presence of the Public.
ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED.
PRIZES.

		Rs.
1 Prize	Cash	1,000
1 Do.	Gold Watch	500
1 Do.	Cash	300
20 Prizes	" ..... Rs. 20 each	400
100 Do.	" ..... " 10 "	1,000
200 Do.	" ..... " 5 "	1,000
200 Do.	" ..... " 4 "	800
523 Prizes	..... Total	5,000

N.B.—Out-Station Orders promptly and carefully attended to on V. P. system
And NOT against Money Order.
C. ARDESHER & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS—
ART JEWELLERS AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS,
178, DHURRUMTOLLAH STREET, CALCUTTA.

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS.
GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.
CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.
HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.
ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15), and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25). Double Harness (Rs. 50). Troublesome horses charged extra.
HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale; or for ensurance, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem. Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Re. 10 Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Re. 5.
ORCHID HORSE FOOD now in the market, Rs. 5 per cwt., delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.
ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.
REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

The Comprehensive Criminal Digest, 1862—1899.
BY
CHUNILAL HARILAL VAKIL, B.A., LL.B.
ONE OF THE BEST WORKS OF ITS SORT. It will find its way to the front rank of books of this sort only a few months alone. For completeness of treatment it has no equal in the field. "Calcutta Weekly Notes":—Considerable care has been used in arranging the various cases under their appropriate headings. We have nothing but praise for the work turned out by the author. "Indian Review Madras":—This book should prove a most useful companion. The laborious task undertaken by the author in compiling this work appears to us to have been excellently performed. "Bombay Gazette":—It makes an era in the compilation of Criminal Digest in this country; will very likely supersede all those at present in the field. "Kayastha Samachar," Allahabad:—It supplies a long felt want. It is an improvement in many respects over all the existing criminal digests and promises to supersede them all. "Lawyer," Ahmedabad:—The arrangement seems to be everything that is desirable. "Medical Law Journal":—It is superior in every respect to the existing criminal digests.—Bombay Law Reporter.
PRICE Rs. 17. POSTAGE 6 ANNAS.
TO BE HAD
AT THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
HEAD OFFICES:—121, Medows Street, Bombay.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY

THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first, for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to
AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000.				Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000.			
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to			Payable at death, or in			Age next Birthday
		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24
25	24 2	52 5

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £475,000

HEAD OFFICE :
47 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES :
Calcutta, Delhi, Cawnpore, Kandy,
Lahore, Bombay, Colombo, Tuticorin,
Amritsar, Madras, Mandalay, Zanzibar,
Karachee, Rangoon, Nowera Eliya, Mombassa
Steamer Point, Aden.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, as Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND £725,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£800,000

HEAD OFFICE,
HATON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay, Ipoh (Perak) Hongkong,
Calcutta, Singapore, Foochow,
Madras, Kwala Lumpor Shanghai,
Rangoon, Bangkok, Tientsin,
Columbo, Batavia, Hankow.
Penang, Sourabaya, Yokohama,
Tsaiping, Manila Kobe,
Medan, Deli (Sumatra), Cebu, (Philippines), New York

The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange; issue Letters of Credits; and undertake general Banking business.

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for TWELVE MONTHS at FOUR PER CENT per Annum. Rate for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.
Bombay Agency, Esplanade.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 100,000,000
Sterling Reserve Fund.....$ 100,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 6,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG :

J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE.

SIR THOMAS JACKSON, Bart., Chairman.
WM. A. MATHESON JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq. (Director, National Bank, Egypt.
WM. CLARK HUTCHISON, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.

SHERWEN CAMERON, E.C.M.G, A. M. TOWNSEND, } Managers.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI

AMOY, HANKOW, PENANG,
BANGKOK, HIOGO, RANGOON,
BATAVIA, HONG-KONG, SAIGON,
BOMBAY, KOBE, SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA MANILA, SINGAPORE,
COLOMBO, NAGASAKI, SOURABAYA,
FOOCHOW, NEW YORK, TIENTSIN,
HAMBURG, PEKING, YOKOHAMA

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and on shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. ADAMS ORAM,
Acting Agent.
7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... „ 18,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND,, „ 9,210,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS..... „ 400,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York San Francisco, Hawaii, Peking, Shanghai, Hong kong, Tientsin and Newchang.

LONDON BANKERS :—

THE BANK OF ENGLAND; THE LONDON and JOINT STOCK BANK, LD.; THE UNION OF LONDON and SMITH'S BANK LD.; THE PARR'S BANK LD.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. MATSUO,
Manager,
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES :

Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi.

Sub-Branches :—Murree—(April to October).
Sub-Agencies :—Amritsar, Bangalore, Lyallpore and Sialkot City.

CAPITAL PAID-UP, Rs. 43,90,866.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittance 4 per cent. per annum

FIXED DEPOSITS—
2 Years 5½ per cent, per annum,
2 to 12 Months 5 „ „
6 Months 4½ „ „

SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS—Special Rates are offered which may be learnt on application.

PRUDENTIAL AND HOME PASSAGE DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Sums of not less than Rs. 10, are received into these accounts, and bear interest at 5 per cent, per annum, compounded Half Yearly.

Cheques, Bills, Hoondees on Stations where the Bank has Branches and Currency Notes of any circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above Interest Deposit Accounts.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for sums of Rs. 100 and upwards and receive 2 per cent. per annum, when the daily balances, provided a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 is maintained.

Apply for Rates to Head Office or Branches

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Bombay, 18th July, 1903.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL.

SUBSCRIBED... ... ... Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVED FUND ... ... „ 15,50,000
UNCALLED CAPITAL ... ... „ 5,00,000

DIRECTORS:

MR. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
„ H. R. McINNES, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
„ NORMAN McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
„ D. KING.
„ J. C. SPEIRS.

MANAGING DIRECTOR,
MR. D. KING.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened on the following terms :—

2½ per annum allowed on daily balances
3½ „ or
4½ „ minimum monthly balances

at the option of Depositors to be declared when opening accounts.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at the following Rates of Interest :—

	Per Annum
For 2 Years	5 per cent.
„ 1 Year	4½ „
„ 6 Months	4 „
„ 3 „	3 „

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debentures Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principal and interest of Debentures on its approved list, on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Absentee shareholders and investors' interests carefully watched.

Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange through London Branch.

For further information, apply to—

J. C. SPEIRS,
Agent.

Calcutta, 30th September, 1903.

LONDON BRANCH :
GREAT WINCHESTER STREET, E. C.

KING, KING & Co.,

BOMBAY.

KING, HAMILTON & Co.,

CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Bundles payable in Bombay receive without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 55, Cornhill, London.

LONDON :

HENRY S. KING & CO.

RUBBER APPLIANCES.

SEND 2 STAMPS for Illustrated Booklet of Elastic Hosiery, Water Bottles, Bandages, Belts, Trusses, Syringes, Enemas, Surgical Appliances, and Specialities of Every Description.

N.B.—We send all goods on approval, and guarantee English manufacture.

NORTHERN SURGICAL AND DOMESTIC APPLIANCE COMPANY,
Dept. K,
151, Seven Sisters Road, Holloway, London, England.

INSURANCES.

THE DEMAND
FOR
STANDARD POLICIES

EVERY YEAR since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 sums assured PER ANNUM—a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by

NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

NEW POLICIES IN 1902
ISSUED FOR..... £2,337,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS.....£10,640,000
ASSURANCES IN FORCE.....£27,000,000

ASK FOR THE 1903
PROSPECTUS containing
the LATEST RATES and NEW SCHEMES, obtainable from

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

THE NEW FRENCH REM

[illegible] successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Lucas, Lespain, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in a few days only removes all discharges from the urinary organs, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In Gyentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints—often mistaken for rheumatism—secondary symptoms because of the bones, sore throat, and all diseases for which it has been so much a fashion to employ mercury, iodide of potassia, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, and all the distressing consequences arising from early error, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2/9 and 4/6 per package, of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and observe above Registered Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground), affixed to every genuine package by order of His Majesty's Hon Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.,
BANKERS, MERCHANTS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS,
NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. C,
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, PULLIGATI, LONDON.
A. B. C. CODE USED.

CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.

INDENTS executed with care and promptitude,
PASSAGES booked by a line of Steamers.
ALL AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.

The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, or Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take Instructions as Clearing and Forwarding Baggage &c.

FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER,
IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter from whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the state, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Colour-Sergeant Instructor Jno. Howarth, Cheshire Regiment, Chester, writes: "I suffered from Rheumatism in my arms and legs for over five years. I also had a bruised shin bone, through which I could rest only for a few minutes at a time. All sorts of remedies were applied, but none did any good for more than a few days. After a while I was recommended to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I did, and on taking the first bottle I felt relief. I therefore continued with this excellent medicine, and it effected a perfect cure. This was more than a year ago and I am pleased to say I have not felt the least pain since—in fact, I am in as good health as ever I was in my life.

"Moreover, I told two friends of mine who were laid up with Rheumatism of my case, and they tried 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' They are taking it by trade, and never dare they were at work again. They say this medicine cannot be too highly praised.

"May 15, 1899."

Mr. George Price, St. Margaret's-on-Thames writes:—"I feel that I should write you a few lines in praise of Clarke's Blood Mixture. I have been suffering these last few years with Eczema and Blotches, which prevented me following my occupation, and I can safely say I have spent scores of pounds in all sorts of other medicines. A little while ago, however, I was advised by a friend of mine who has taken Clarke's Blood Mixture to try a bottle, and to my great relief I am a new man and able at the present time to go on with my business, being now quite well. In fact, I cannot give it too much praise. You are at liberty to make what use you like of this testimonial for the benefit of others who may be suffering from the same complaint.

"December 2d, 1899."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles at 1s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of even standing cases—BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled Vendors. The word "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamps, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the bottle. WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a collection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in Verse (for the easier remembrance of various points of Law) by W. H. H. HOOLE, M.A. Price 4 annas 6 To be had at this Office.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, NOVEMBER 26.

SECURITIES—

2½ per cent. Consols	88⅞	=	+ 1-16
3 do. Rentes	99⅝	=	unchanged
3½ do. Indian Sterling			
Loan	101 1-2	=	do.
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	85 13-16	=	do.

SILVER—

Spot in London	26 7-8	=	do.
2 months hence	26 7-16	=	do.
Spot in New York	Markets closed		

EXCHANGES—

Paris cheques	25'20	=	unchanged
Berlin „	20'45 3-4	=	+ 1-2
New York Demand	Markets closed		

DISCOUNTS—

Bank of England	4	pr ct	= unchanged
3 months' sight Bank Bills	4	pr ct	= do.
6 „ „ Fine Trade Bills	3 7-8	pr ct	= do.
2 „ „ Fine Trade Bills	4 3-8	pr ct	= do.
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	4 3-8	pr ct	= do.

INTEREST—

Day to day loans	3 3-4	pr ct	= + 1-4
7 day market loans	3 7-8	pr ct	= + 1-8

RUBBER—
Para Rubber 3s. 11 1-2d. = - 1-4d.

RAILWAYS—
Brown Nov.-Dec. Sellers, 32s. 9d. = — 1 1-2d.

ARRIVAL—
Steamer Rydal Hall.

In Liverpool.—Cotton Market closed firm, Surats quiet. Manchester firm. Total sales 5,000. Spot 6'12 plus 8. Egyptian, Fair Brown 8 3-4 unchanged. Sold on speculation and for Export 300. Imports 22,000. Arrivals closed firm.

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb-Mar.
5'98	5'94	5'92	5'92
+3	+3	+7	+3
Mar-Apl.	Apl-May	May-June	June-July.
5'91	5'91	5'90	5'88
+7	+7	+7	+6
	July-Aug.		
	5'86		
	+5		

Markets closed in America for Thanksgiving Day.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay, during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Thursday, 26th November, 1903 :—

Cotton	4,922 bales.
Wheat	36,251 cwts,
Linseed	2,373 „
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	3,367 „
Gingellyseed	23,824 „
Poppyseed	1,328 „
Groundnuts	197 „
Castorseed	1,209 „
Rice	10,711 „
Myrabollams	5,416 „
Cottonseed	4,563 „

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27.

COTTON.

HOME MARKETS.—The fluctuations reported in the governing markets last week have continued during the interval, but the net result is that values are comparatively unchanged. The following is our usual statement for the ruling market, which, however, is made up only to Wednesday evening, as the American Markets were closed yesterday for Thanksgiving Day.

IN NEW YORK.—	19th Nov.	25th Nov.
Mid Uplands	11'35	11 30 —5
Futures month of Dec..	11'06	11'03 —3
„ „ March.	11'16	11'16 unch'd

LOCAL MARKET.—Since last writing there has been a marked change here and the tendency during the week has been to push prices up. This is not due to large purchases on the part of exporters, but to the fact that sellers for far forward delivery are scarce, and they are not prepared to go on operating except at an advance, and the good prices obtainable for nice lots of ready cotton, for which there is a good demand, make holders prefer to send their cotton down to sell as ready, rather than to run the risk of making contracts for near deliveries. Prices here have almost recovered the drop of last week and now range from Rs. 3 to Rs. 7 over last mail's closing quotations. The business done has been on a small scale, as exporters are not receiving any encouragement from the Continent to go on buying at the rates ruling here. The enquiry has run on Damangaum styles, Oomras descriptions, Broach and Muthia, and small lines of each of these have been taken up in turn. In Ready Cotton there has been a good demand from exporters both to Europe and Japan and mills have also been buying quietly. For ready Khamgaum Rs. 245 has been paid; for Khandesh fine 210 to Rs. 223; for Dhuswal-Khandwa descriptions from Rs. 225 to Rs. 235; for M. G. Bengals from Rs. 210 to Rs. 225; and for Dhamangaum-Poolgaum Rs. 248.

The following are the Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited :—

		Fine	F.-G	Gd.	Delivery.
Bengal (H.-G.) (Ry. terms)		206	190	...	25 Jan.
Bengals (M.-G.) (Ry. terms)		223	211	...	25 Nov.
Do. do.		210	200	...	25 Jan.
Sind-Punjab (M.-G.)	...	222	212	...	25 Nov
Do. do.	...	208	198	...	25 Jan
Oomras (M.-G.) description		232	224	...	„
Khandeish (M.-G.)	...	...	212	...	„
Jalgaon do.	...	...	215	...	„
Akola do.	...	...			
Khamgaum do. fair staple		233	225	...	„
Karanja do.	...	...			
Khandwa		233	225	...	„
Damangaum Poolgaum (M.-G.)		237	229	...	„
Nagpur (M.-G.) ...		239	230	...	„
Oomras (M.-G.) good staple		246	232	...	„
Broach (M.-G.) ...		256	...	244	25 Mar.
Do. do. ...		254	...	...	25 April.
Bhownugger (M.-G.)	...	240	230	...	25 May,
Do. (H.-G.)	...	238	228	...	„
Mathia (M.G.)	...	223	213	...	25 Mar.
S.-O. Dharwar ...	...	...	...	240	25 May
Westerns ...	...	...	...	230	„

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	steady.
Estimated sales	5 000 bales
Imports	1,600 „

Nov.-Dec	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5'01	5'97	5'95	5'93
+3	+3	+3	+1
Mar.-April.	April-May.	May-June.	June-July
5'93	5'92	5'92	5'90
+2	+1	1+2	+2
	July-Aug.		
	5'88		
	×2		

COTTON.—The market closes strong, Sutta rates being Rs. 245 for good Broach and Rs. 191 for Fully Good Bengals.

SEEDS.

LINSEED.—At the beginning of the week the market was steady and business was done at Rs. 6 2-0, but owing to the demand having fallen off prices declined to Rs. 5-15-0 at which rate there were buyers. The market closes steady at Rs. 6.

RAPESEED.—During the week prices advanced 1 anna above our last week's quotations, but the market has since eased down, and the follwing are closing quotations :—

Brown Cawnpore	Rs. 5-7 to Rs. 5-8 per cwt
Yellow „	„ 5-15 „
„ Gujerat	„ 5-15 „

POPPYSEED.—The market has been quiet but steady with little business doing. We quote Rs. 6-4-6.

CASTORSEED.—Throughout the week the market has remained steady with a small business passing at Rs. 21-8 for Madras. The closing quotation is Rs. 21-8,

GINGELLYSEED.—The market opened at Rs. 33-12 for Howree Khandeish, Rs. 33-8 15 per cent. mixed, Rs. 32-8 25 per cent mixed, and Rs. 31-8 50 per cent. mixed, and a fair business was done in ready. At the close the market is easier and we quote as follows :—

Howree Khandeish	Rs. 33-8	per candy,
15 per cent mixed	„ 33-0	„
25 „ „	„ 32-0	„
50 „ „	„ 31-0	„

WHEAT.

The market has been quiet but steady with little doing, and prices are almost on a level with those ruling last week. The following are closing quotations :—

Pissi, 91 per cent...Rs. 31-0 per candy, nominal
Club, No. 1 ..... Rs. 29-0
Hard Red ..... Rs. 24-0 White Delhi 24-5

FREIGHTS.

There has been a fully large business done during the week at rates much about the same level as last week, viz, 12s. 9d. to 13s. December, 13s. 3d. January, 13s. 6d. February, 13s. 6d. to 13s 9d. March to May, for open ports. For ready and near loading —Dunkirk Havre and Hull—has been booked at 13s. The market is quiet with a firmer tendency

With regard to liners there is nothing fresh to report. Rates for Rubattino Co.'s and Austrian Lloyds are unchanged

The following steamers have been chartered during the week

The s s Knias Dec mber loading, 12s 6d one 13s two ports

The s s Knias Gorschakow for February loading at 13s, 3d, two Moditorranean ports.

The s s Innerdale, December loading, at 13s 3d

The s s Clan Macaulay, December loading, 13s 3d

The s s Ben Lawers. A filling up order was given in this steamer for Antwerp and London at 13s, December loading

The market closes steady

EXCHANGE.

There has been a fair business during the week, but as buying and selling have been evenly balanced rates remain as they were. A few petty lots of Bills have been placed for the Mail at par to 1s. 4 1-16d. May. Councils sold at the same price and percentage as last week. Exchange closes quiet but steady, and seems likely to go on at present prices until money gets in better demand.

MONEY.

The Bank of Bengal Weekly Cash Balance is 23 lakhs down, and the Bank rate remains unaltered at 3 per cent. per annum. The Bank of Bombay rate is also unchanged at 2 per cent per annum. The Bank of Madras weekly cash balance is 1 3-4 lakh down and the Bank rate is still 4 per cent. per annum.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.
Public Deposits	1,07,403 Decrease
Other Deposits	14,78,990 Decrease
Sundries	22, 303 Increase.
ASSETS.	
Government Securities	27,827 Decrease.
Other Authorised Securities	52, 562 Decrease.
Credits on Securities	94,275 Decrease.
Loans do.	4,59,246 Decrease.
Bills discounted & purchased	6 68 038 Increase.
Balance with other Banks	2,12,088 Increase.
Sundries	2,053 Increase.
Cash	18,23,057 Decrease

The mail of the 13th November brings £120,000 silver and £70,000 gold, and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs.	37,00,000
Bombay	„	22,10,000
Madras	„	20 000
	Rs.	59,30,000

The mail of the 20th November brings £220,000 silver and £64,000 gold, and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs.	37,00,000
Bombay	„	27,30,000
Madras	„	6,00,000
	Rs.	60,00,000

The mail of the 27th November brings £200,000 silver and £70,000 gold, and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs.	31,20,000
Bombay	„	23,20,000
Madras	„	5,50,000
	Rs.	60,00,000

At the weekly bidding for Council Bills on Wednesday last the 60 lakhs offered were allotted in Bills at 1s. 4 1-32d. and the minimum rate received 15 per cent. No Telegraphic Transfers were allotted, nor were extras applied for. The total amount sold during the week was 60'90 lakhs, and the amounts to be allotted next week remains at 60 lakhs.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

In the past week the fluctuations in Rupee Paper have been very small, and, on balance, rates are ruling 1-16 per cent lower than when we last wrote. Undoubtedly rates would have been lower, but the weight of money in the hands of the Presidency Banks is so great that holders prefer to hold on to their Paper with the view of earning a little interest. In the course of the week, however, the balances of the three Presidency Banks have been reduced by about half a crore of rupees, and this fact alone is responsible for the rather easier tone in the market. The first settlement day takes place on the 1st of December, and there have been considerable bear accounts open, but we hear that they have all practically been adjusted by operators buying ready and selling forward at a difference of 1-8 per cent against the buyer. In the ordinary course of things the demand for money should increase considerably during the month of December, and by the time 5th January the following settlement is due, we shall very probably be enjoying a higher Bank rate, and this will have the usual effect on all marketable securities. There is no alteration to report in Port Trust and other bonds. The quotations for them are practically unchanged and they have not been actively dealt in. The quotations for the various issues are given below.

	Repayable.	Rate.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust	... 1923	103
4 per cent „ „	... 1950	104
4 per cent „ „	... 1932	104
4 per cent Bombay Municipal	... 1923	103 3-4
4 per cent „ „	... 1943	103 3-4
5 per cent „ „	... Tansa	119 1-2
5 per cent „ „	... Sanitary	117 1-2
4 per cent Bo. Improvt Trust	... 1939	101
4 per cent „ „	... 1962	102

BULLION.

The quotations for Bar Silver locally at the date of our last report was Rs. 68 15-16 per 100 tolas. In the interval our market has been playing a seesaw game, it having fluctuated backwards and forwards between the highest rate, 68 15-16, and 68 1-8, the lowest point touched, although those rates provide scope for a large business we believe that there has not been a great deal doing. The New York Market was closed one or two days during the week, and the Yankees apparently are not in the mood to support the market much for the present. The quotations to-day are as under :—

English Bar Silver, ex-duty, ready	Rs.	68-6
Do, do. 1st Settlement	„	68-6
Do, do. 2nd do.	„	67-11
English Bar Gold, ready	„	24-0-6

PIECE-GOODS.

THE MARKET.—During the earlier part of the week there was a fair demand for all goods in general, but during the past two days the Bazar is rather quiet. Prices remain the same. Firms have been able to sell goods previously purchased on their account for near deliveries, but no forward business of any importance has been done. GREY DRILLS, however, are in better demand, and prices for the two favourite qualities are grad ually going up.

YARNS.

The Yarn market is steady but very few transactions are reported this week. Mills are asking full rates in consequence of the big rise in cotton. The China market reports Dazings via Tuticorin and Colombo, will be closed at the General Post Office at 6 and 7 p.m. on Sunday and Monday the 6th and 7th December, respectively.

METALS.

The market for COPPER and YELLOW METAL continues very quiet, with only a small business doing for forward delivery. IRON and STEEL are steady, and business has been done in G. C. SHEETS, BASIC SHEETS, and BARS at low prices. SPELTER and Quicksilver are very quiet with little or nothing doing.

COALS,

BENGAL.—Small sales have been made of ready Deshargar at Rs. 11-12 and of Heilgers Anthracite at Rs 11. For next year sales are reported of Mc Leod's Coal at Rs 13-12, of Jardine's Navigation at Rs 10-8, and of Gopalichak at Rs 10-4.

ENGLISH.—A small sale of South Yorkshire is reported at Rs 14

SHARES.

The market is quiet. Bank of Bombay shares have improved to Rs. 1,300 and have changed hands at and about the rate. Commercials have advanced to Rs. 49. In Railway Companies Tapti Valleys are quiet at Rs. 420 and Ahmedabad Prantej are unchanged at Rs. 505 while Ahmedabad Dholka have changed hands at par. In mill shares Centrals are unchanged at Rs. 1,630. Swadeshis are quiet at Rs 880 and Davids at Rs. 240. Colaba Land and Mill shares have changed hands at and about Rs. 380. Chinas are quiet at Rs 620, Currimbhais at Rs. 680, and Framjee Petits at Rs. 675. Jamsheds are weak at Rs. 95. Manockji Petits have ruled at and about Rs. 2,360 Morarjees are weak at Rs. 1,680 and Solahpurs at Rs. 1,840. Standards are quiet at Rs. 345 and Madras United at Rs. 2,300, respectively. Southern Marathas are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 125, Lakmidas Mill shares have changed hands at Rs. 425, Ripon Mill ihares at Rs. 520, and Queen Mill shares at Rs 565. Kohinoors are weak at Rs. 355. In Press shares Mofussils are quiet at Rs. 582 1-2, New Berars at Rs. 530, and New Indians at Rs 147 1-2. In miscellaneous list Bombay Burmahs are reported to have changed hands at Rs 6 950 and quarter shares at Rs 1,780 Port Cannings are unchanged at Rs 422 1-2 Treachers have changed hands at Rs. 575 Kemps are steady and in demand at Rs 244. The rest are unchanged and quiet.

EXCHANGE—None quiet but steady.

Bank T.T.	...	Rs. 4 1-32d.
Bank Demand	...	Rs. 4 1-16d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight	...	Rs. 4 9-32d.
Do 6 do	...	Rs. 4 7-16d.
French Francs 3 do	do ...	170 3-4
Marks 3 do	do ...	138 3-4
Hongkong 30 Days' Sight	...	128 1-2
Shanghai 30 do	do ...	179 1-2
Japan 30 do	do ...	150

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent. Tone steady.

Cash	...	Rs. 98⅞
1st Settlement	...	„ 98⅝
2nd do	...	„ 98⅝

Money Market.—Tone easy.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 3rd Sept.	4	per cent
Bank of Bombay do. 20th Aug.	3	do.
Bank of Bengal do. 23rd Aug.	3	do.
Bank of Madras do. 23rd July	4	do

SEEDS—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed.—Tone quiet. Ready	5	15	0
Rapeseed.—Tone quiet.			
Brown Cawnpore, Ready.	5	7	0
Yellow Cawnpore, Ready.	5	15	0
Yellow Gunerat, Ready..	5	15	0
Poppyseed.—Tone quiet. Ready	6	4	6
Castorseed.—Tone quiet. Ready	4	8	0
Gingellyseed.—Tone dull.			
Howree Khandeish	33	8	0
15 per cent. Mixed	32	0	0
25 per cent. „	32	0	0
50 per cent. „	31	0	0

WHEAT.—Tone quiet.

Pissi 91 per cent	Rs.	31-4
Club No. 1	„	31 4
Hard Red		24

COTTON STATISTICS. Bales.

Receipts for the week	30,824
Receipts from 1st Oct. to 26th November	90,814
Shipments for the week, to Europe	2,150
Do. China, Japan, and Coast Ports	350
Total	2,500
Shipments from 1st October to 26th Nov.	
Europe	16,143
Japan	1 512
China	41 366
Coast Ports	2,368
Total	62,389
Afloat in Harbour for Europe	3,242
China, Japan and Coast Ports	15,718

Week's Receipts of Cotton, Wheat and Seed—

Cotton	36,824 bales
Wheat	181 457 cwts.
Linseed	26,314 „
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	25,519 „
Gingellyseed	122 834 „
Poppyseed	11 517 „
Groundnuts	1,579 „
Castorseed	24,458 „
Rice	34,670 „
Myrabollams	19,787 „
Cottonseed	61,884 „

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIUM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Re.

THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS COMPANY, LD.

DHARIWAL, PUNJAB.

COSTUME MATERIALS

WORSTEDS Rs.2-8 to Rs. 3-8, 54".

CASHMERES, 54", Rs. 2-4 in 60 SHADES.

REAL NAVY SERGES FOR YACHTING OR THE TRIP HOME

Rs. 2-4 to Rs. 3, 54".

OUR NEW STRIPED WORSTEDS

Six Patterns, in blue or black with white line, ALSO MADE in the NEWEST SHADES.

SUITINGS.

Send for free Samples. We can make up if desired, and many Gentlemen purchase from us for the Voyage and for English Wear. We also obtain many Orders from England by each Mail, thus proving that Customers realise by the best of all tests, experience, that our Cloths are better value than they secure at Home.

BUT IT IS BETTER

to see this before sailing and purchase before you go.

We can send Cloths to your English Friends if desired and we are constantly asked to do so. People find that it is worthwhile paying postage on parcels, but when two or three join we could send through our Agents and save Carriage.

DUNLOP TYRES,

DUNLOP COVERS,

DUNLOP RIMS,

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LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished, and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

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ACCIDENTS OF ALL KINDS,

Walking, Riding, Driving, Cycling, Hunting, Polo, Pigsticking, Shooting, &c., &c.

ALSO

ACCIDENTS and DISEASES Combined

INSURED AGAINST BY THE

RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY,

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CAPITAL.....£1,000,000

COMPENSATION PAID £3,350,000

LOW RATES, LIBERAL TERMS, LARGEST SECURITY.

This well-known and old-established Company is prepared to insure Europeans resident in India.

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MESSRS. KING, KING & CO.,

BOMBAY

THE "UP-TO-DATE SHORTHAND."

It is not a school, or a class; you come for ten minutes; take your lesson, and return smiling the next day for another lesson. It is so easy. You laugh at its simplicity. Over 500 have been enrolled in Bombay including the Judges and Pleaders of the High Court.

A challenge was advertised—and is still open (see any Bombay or Madras Daily Paper) for 6 pupils of the "Up-to-date Shorthand" with 6 weeks' teaching, against 6 pupils of Pitman teaching of 6 months, for Rs. 1,000 aside, the winning pupils to have the Rs. 2,000, yet Pitmanites dare not accept. This offer is open to the whole of India.

1st Lesson write any word. NO BOOKS TO BUY.
4th " do 40 words a minute.
11th " do 120 "
21 Lessons for full course—6 weeks' study.

The fees are Rs. 2 each lesson, or Rs. 21 for ulcourse in advance. On and after the 1st of January, the fees really must be increased. The object for fixing the absurdly low price of Rs. 21 is to ensure a large number of pupils at once.

Lessons by Post, or by Peon messenger, same terms and just as easy to learn.

The Studios are opened from 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.

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Late Special Reporter in the British Houses of Lords and Commons and High Courts.

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Madras, Y.M.C.A. Buildings.
Poona, 11, Main Street, Camp.
Ahmedabad, 442, Relief Rd. Kalupura,
Karachi, Frere St.

NOTICE.

LETTERS, PARCELS, and TELEGRAMS for HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR, the PRIVATE and MILITARY SECRETARIES and the A.-D.-C., in waiting, which CANNOT be DELIVERED at GOVERNMENT HOUSE, MAHABLESHWAR, by 7 a. m., on 1st DECEMBER, 1903, should be addressed to GOVERNMENT HOUSE MALABAR POINT, Bombay, until further notice.

P. J. MEAD,
Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

Mahableshwar, 22nd November, 1903.

NOTICE.

VISITORS' BOOKS for HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR will be KEPT DAILY (except on Sundays) at the NEW SECRETARIAT as well as at GOVERNMENT HOUSE, MALABAR POINT, between 10 a.m. and 6 p. m., from MONDAY, 30th November, 1903.

H. MEYNELL, Captain, A.-D.-C. to H. E. the Governor.

Government House, Mahableshwar, 26th November, 1903.

THE INDIAN HOTELS Co., Ld.

BOMBAY TAJ MAHAL PALACE HOTEL,

OPENS ABOUT THE MIDDLE OF DECEMBER.

THE NEWEST, LARGEST, and BEST APPOINTED HOTEL in the East. Over 400 Rooms and Suites of Apartments with Baths, W.C., luxuriously furnished with all comforts. Large Dining Room, General and Ladies' Drawing Room, Bar and Smoking Room, all artistically decorated, 3 Electric Lifts, Electric Light and Fans, Turkish Bath, Livery Stables, Steam Laundry, Motor Boats and Motor Cars for excursions, permanent Hotel Orchestra, European Management, European Staff, Experienced French Chef at the head of the Kitchen Department. The Situation of the Hotel is unique, overlooking Apollo Bunder and Harbour.

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Open to non-residents also.

ALTHOUGH EVERY COMFORT IS PROVIDED THE CHARGES ARE MODERATE.

For Prices apply to

THE MANAGER.

XMAS NUTS FOR SALE !!!

JUST RECEIVED thin Shelled English Walnuts, Barcelona Nuts, Figs in Fancy Baskets, Brazilnuts, Cobnuts, Almonds, etc., etc.

TUKINA & Co.,

(OPPOSITE CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.

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FOR THE

TRANSVAL SCHOOLS.

ONE of the First Steps on the part of the British Government in regard to the Schools of the New Colony has been the selection of Pianos to be shipped to South Africa. The first 100 Pianos will be despatched by Messrs. JOHN BROADWOOD & SONS, Ld., early in January, 1903.

Reprinted from

"The Times"

Nov. 26, 1902.

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PIANOFORTES

SPECIALLY BUILT for INDIA and guaranteed to stand the Climate of India.

SCHIEDMAYER & SOEHNE STUTTGART.

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Pianos by the above well-known makers may be obtained for Cash or on the Hire System under which, by the payment of a fixed amount monthly, slightly in excess of the ordinary charge for simple hire, the Instrument becomes the property of the Hirer on the completion of twelve or twenty-four payments, as the case may be.

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VAST REDUCTION IN THE PRICES.

The SALE will COMMENCE from 1st October, and REMAIN in force till 31st December, 1903. Please write for Samples to make your Selections from, to

N. C. BANERJEE & Co.,

BENARES CANTONMENT.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Beacombe, 3,423 tons, Capta'n J Taylor, will sail to-day for Calcutta in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Byculla, 1,925 tons, Captain J H Addenbrook, will sail to-day for Rangoon in ballast.

THE Bombay and Persia, S N Co's steamer Naseri, 911 tons, Captain T S Mylerist, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf via Karachi with a general cargo and 59 deck passengers.

THE steamer Highlander, 1,595 tons, Captain W Dawson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta via Goa, with 2,000 tons of kerosine oil and Mr W M Moar and Mrs Pearson as passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain D L Nielson sailed yesterday for Karachi, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr H Barfield, Mr C M McIver, Mr C M Lang, Mr A Schweller, Mr H W Booth and 65 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Kaisaria, 663 tons, Captain W G Williams, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf via Karachi with a general cargo 48 horses, 222 cases opium and Mr Cameron, nine natives and 76 deck passengers.

THE Anchor Line steamer Ormpie, 3261 tons, Captain C F Osborne, sailed yesterday for Marseilles and Liverpool with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Roy and Mrs T Hiscox and three children Mr and Mrs and Miss W G Cuby Lieut O M Dyke, seven natives and four deck.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

H M S Redbreast ....Cmdr Harry Jones ....
Torpedo Boat No. 102 ....
Do No 103 ....

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Nov. 27.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Agt.
Deutschland bk	768	Nacoda		The Capt'n
Africa	1302	Pigo		M M & Co
Rance	2934	Corran		T M & Co
Pekin	2532	Langdon		P & O Co
Rani Kasba	976	Nacoda		Tuljaram
Nankin	2557	Roberts		P & O Co
Zaire		DaCosta	Portuguese Gunboat	
Palitana	1924	Lemarchand		M M & Co
Lalpoora	782	Rickford		M M & Co
Boscombe	213	Taylor		K N & Co
Sindhana	1731	Hutchinson		M M & Co
Byculla	1,930	Addenbrooke		M M & Co
Queen Louise	2170	Heno		Bombay Co
Dagostan	272	Todd		W & A G & Co
Vienna	2658	White		F Muir & Co
Sutherland	2771	Wallace		Bombay Co
Ouda	2410	Tyrrell		M M & Co
Kangra	1178	Radcliffe		M M & Co
Oriental	3385	Spicer	Aden	12 P & O Co
Nawab	1091	Sandilands	Calcutta	T M & Co
Orissa	2,950	Fry		M M & Co
Vauxhall Bridge	2178	Reader		
Arabia	4167	Leigh	London	23-11 P & O Co
Tonawanda	3182	Brown		W & A G & Co
Katoria	763	Williams		M M & Co
Persia		Wheler		P & O S N Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Sheet.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Dock.	Agt.
A	Clan Macaulay	1715	Goodwin			F Muir & Co
B	Mirzapore	3,197	Williams	Liverpool	24-11	W & A G & Co
C	Gilbert	2721	Price	Liverpool	1-12	K N & Co
G	Mozaffari	1367	Mooney	Jeddah	27-11	P & O Co
H	Norfolk	1,000	Scott			M M & Co
L	Pari	237	Raffin	Goa	27-11	H Alsford
M	Sylvia	2,277	Blane	Colombo	8-12	M M & Co
N	Kinshio Maru	2,032	Philika	China	16-12	P & O Co
Q	Springwell	1925	Chisholm	Antwerp	5-12	M M & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Courland ....160 Eurasian ..Gulf Ports ..26-11 Shed & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Sheet.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Dock.	Agt.
1	Olympia	3283	Osborne	Liverpool	24-11	W & A G & Co
2	Scindia	3,348	Athey	Liverpool	9-12	W & A G & Co
3	Kaisar-i-Hind	2,230	Kohler	Japan	14-12	Y Kaliah
4	Coromandel	2,735	Morrison	China	2-2	P & O Co
5	Mazagon	3,220	all			P & O Co
6	Ganges	2,102	Phillips	China	16-12	P & O Co
7	Lucknow	2,329	Mason	Trieste	1-12	A L S N Co
9	Argadoo	3,348	Wilkens	Kobe	2-12	Jardine & Co
15	Provincia	2,230	Thumin	Marseilles	8-11	T M & Co

ARRIVALS

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
27	Persia s	Wheler	London
	Katoria s	Williams	Persian Gulf
	Highlander s	Dawson	Calcutta via Goa

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
27	Zillah s	Reis	Calcutta
	Dwarka s	Nielson	Karachi
	Naseri s	Mylerist	Persian Gulf
	Naseri s	Mylerist	Persian Gulf
	Olympia s	Osborne	Liverpool, &c

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday:—

Steamer Byculla, Addenbrook, for Rangoon
" Beacombe, Taylor, for Calcutta

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Sydney, for Marseilles via Colombo
" E Franz, Ferdinand, for Trieste via Karachi

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

MARSEILLES, Nov. 25.

SUEZ, NOVEMBER 27.

The City Line S S City of Oxford left for Bombay this afternoon.

Austrian Lloyd's S S Marquis Bacquahem from Trieste left Aden for Karachi on the 26th instant and may be expected there on the 2nd December at noon.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 27.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—1509 cwts cottonseed Arjoon Kanjee; 140 cwts wheat; 400 cwts Kapas per Kessoo Jugjeevan Khojee Comarsey; 325 cwts gunny cunning Purshram Bhimjee.

FOR ANTWERP.

Springwell s—55 bales cotton Ralli Brothers; 20 bales also three Trabjes and Co; 2100 cwts rapeseed Ernst and Co; 217 bales cottonfly W Wolf and Sons.

FOR HAVRE.

Djibouti s—150 cwts rapeseed M Jetha.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Djibouti s—9.0 cwts castorseed N Sundarjee and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Arnenfels s—320 cwts myrabollams Lljee Commeer; 220 cwts fanseed M Jethabhoy; 50 bales hemp Kidd & Reeve and Co; 1000 cwts oil cakes Glade and Co; 500 immerie and 60 bales cottonfly and waste dauer and Krumm; 22 cwts bees wax M Mahomed and Co; 320 bales cotton A Blaschek and Co; 12 cases black bristles Hezerle Sulzer and Co; 361 bales cottonfly W Wolf and Sons.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Queen Louise s—3500 tons manganese ore Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Provincia s—2250 cwts ginger Elsood John Fashri; 30 bales hemp Kiddie Reeve and Co; 1000 cwts wheat and 4000 cwts tea Ralli Brothers; 1375 cwts ginger Elsood John Fazbiri.

FOR TRIESTE.

Imperator s—55 bales cotton A Blascheck and Co; 141 bales cotton Ralli Brothers.

Franz Ferdinand s—230 bales cotton A Blascheck and Co; 185 bales cotton Ralli Brothers; 110 bales cotton F E Cambell and Co; 5 bales cotton The Bombay Co; 220 bales cotton G Tejpal and Co; 1869 cwts teaseed Ralli Brothers; 2000 cwts linseed E D Sassoon and Co; 10 bales twist The Sva Deshi Mills and Co; 3 cases rough gunnet J M Salley Mahomed.

HIGH COURT.—NOVEMBER 28.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice CROWE.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

755,02—Khunderao S and L—Madhusudan Dinanth vs Rajnabhai widow and another—Chitnis and M and B Raghavaya.

455-02—Payne and Co—Mohanlal Karsan vs Gangaram Ranji and others—Hiralal D and Daphtary and F

671-01—B Raghavaya Hurrivallabh Lalchand and another vs Jamnadas Narandas and others—Edgelow G and W.

279-03—Elzelow G and W—Sesamal and others vs Ratanji Sorabji Talati—Bhalshanker K and G

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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ECONOMY

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, NOV. 28, 1903.

A GARDEN CITY.

If it be true that the British race physically degenerates according as it concentrates itself in towns where it enjoys less of the air that is as necessary to its well-being as food, then those who advocate the return of the denizens of cities to country-life conditions are working in the right direction. Mr. Ralph Neville, who is a lawyer and has been a lawgiver, and who must, therefore, be competent to take a logical and enlightened view of the question, gives intelligently and definitely his judgment in the "Monthly Review" in favour of the experiment now being made of building "Garden Cities." Granted that on the health and physique of the people depend their progress and prosperity, the conservation of their energy by keeping them in hygienic conditions should be the duty of the nation. Proofs of physical deterioration abound Even the ever lowering standard qualifying for military service is more and more rarely attained by recruits. Mr. Neville mentions that eight thousand out of eleven thousand offering themelves for physical examination fell short of that most moderate degree of excellence in one industrial centre alone. Englishmen are gradually ceasing to be agriculturists, the country has no longer attractions that weigh against town employments in the mind of the peasant. Once in a city, the struggle for existence obliges men to work indoors, and competition in trade and high rents impose limits to the comforts they can allow themselves and their families, and most of all circumscribe the amount of air they breathe. "The recovery of the physical standard is the necessary preliminary to the development of an Imperial race" is the writer's reply to those who advocate external schemes for improving the national and fiscal position. The nation must be robust physically if it is to keep its place and the efforts hitherto made to counteract the deterioration of certain classes of the population have not produced much effect. Science makes strides and discovers many secrets, but the battle for existence is still very much on the same lines as it was in the primitive days of the world, and wisdom is not a gift vouchsafed to many. Life at the cost of health is perhaps a foolish choice, but it is one that thousands must make every day. It does not appear in that light. To leave the country where employment is scant for the town, where factory hands are needed, seems a short cut to success as well as to work, and if in the new conditions the countryman sharpens his intellect in the more numerous society of his fellows he gradually loses in robustness, and the net result to the nation is deterioration, though even Mr. Neville admits it is still good in parts. How is the remedy of fresh air to be applied?

As the mountain cannot come to Mahomet, Mahomet must see how near it he can get. It is hopeless to turn back the current of industry to which England has committed the bark of her fortunes, the only thing to strive for is to eliminate, as far as possible, the injurious effects of the crowding of the rural population into cities. Hitherto there has been no general system. The people came, lodged where they could, and the next generation had even less accommodation and consequently a lower physique. Here and there wise men cried out and showed the evils of overcrowding from many points of view, more from the moral than any other, but it goes on in ever increasing ratio in every manufacturing country. All concerned must live somehow, the landlord, the artisan, the employer; they are all in a conspiracy to kill the national goose that lays the golden eggs. The anthropologist, the foreseeing statesman, exist, but they are few and far between. And the occasional philanthropist who can afford to give a few thousand acres of land or its equivalent in money to acquire a breathing space for the poor makes little impression on the aggregate of crowding. "So long," writes Mr. Neville, "as the markets of the world lie open to this country for the purchase of food the English farmer under existing circumstances will always be at a disadvantage, handicapped as he is by soil and climate." Seeing that the labourer cannot find his profit in agriculture and becomes an artisan, the thing to do is to give him as many of the advantages of a country life as is possible, and at the same time to help the remaining agriculturists to a share of the benefits of a town life. In other words, says Mr. Neville, provide both with fresh air and social intercourse. Disease and death are, we all know, or should know, induced by bad or insufficient air. Starvation is a bitter trial, but we are here reminded, it kills fewer people than does deprivation of wholesome air. Mr. Neville boldly states that a numerous family living in separate rooms on a fifth floor of a tenement building, where doors and windows carefully shut out the air, are in a worse hygienic plight than those that herd together in one room on the ground-floor, where the air perforce enters. Even there it is bad enough in more ways than one. In thinking out a plan for remedying the congestion in towns, the writer might have been prescribing for the conditions in Bombay: "Where a great town already exists, improvements must be piecemeal. Demolition in one quarter tends to aggravate overcrowding in another. The cost is enormous. It would often be cheaper to pension off the occupants for life than to substitute accommodation in reasonably accessible positions. . . Reform is made difficult by the unwisdom of our predecessors. . . The past hampers the present at every turn." Were a big fire to help by destroying all great cities so that twentieth century wise men could rebuild them, the evil would still be only scotched. One might, indeed, redistribute houses and people until all was fairly ship-shape, but time would again defeat the orderly arrangement unless decentralisation could be permanently arranged for. Mr. Neville thinks out a fairy dream in which Government and its Ministers would recognise that the health and well-being of the people is their chief concern, and would be ready to spend, say, the equivalent of the cost of the South African War or even what is to buy out the Irish landlords, on the English sons of toil, then sites for industrial towns with hygienic conditions provided within and an adequate agricultural belt retained outside could be easily acquired.

The idea of the town and country living for each other, farmers in moderate numbers finding a market in the admirably proportioned town, and the artisan living not too far from his work, or the health-giving country tracts, is delightfully Utopian. The sites of such cities would, of course, be selected with some reference to the already established industries of the country, or else new branches would be started in the new towns, for the population could not be prevented from moving mechanically to the large manufacturing centres unless compensating advantages were offered them. It is difficult to believe that the old centres can ever be disintegrated, so to speak, or abandoned, however much the health of the people as a whole would benefit. But undismayed by such considerations an Association called the "Garden City Association" has determined to make a beginning towards checking "the overcrowding in the towns and the exodus from the country, to the benefit alike of the landowner, the farmer, and the manufacturer." Four thousand acres have been acquired by the Company thirty-five miles from London, and here a Garden City is to grow on lines that combine utility with rusticity. It is intended that rents and rates shall be low, while room shall be left for extension. It is, of course, part of the scheme that manufacturers shall be attracted to the Garden City by the undoubted advantages it will offer. Bees are often shy and intractable in accepting as a working home the hive placed ready for them when they are ready to swarm. They too often fly off to regions where there seems no earthly reason they should go, in spite of the comfortable lodging prepared for them. Will it be so in the case of the Garden City? Seventy-five thousand pounds have already been subscribed. The interest to be drawn by the shareholders is limited to five per cent. Any further profit goes to benefit the residents of the ideal town. The capital seems little enough to start with, but whether the scheme prove successful or not in a fiscal sense it is conceived in the spirit of altruism, and it aims quixotically at improving conditions of life that make for the destruction of the vigour of the artisan class, of the swarming millions that work in the factories of the Kingdom. It is said, and said truly, that a family transplanted from the country to a great industrial centre rarely reaches the third generation. The children of those who come up young and strong from their village become in the vitiated air of towns puny representatives of their parents, and if they grow up and marry in the same close surroundings, their descendants are miserable specimens of humanity, devoid of strength or vigour, and inevitably go under at an early age. If the Garden City find imitators, and the people take kindly to the idea, it will be a step in the right direction. Its initiators are brave and sanguine men if they hope to stem the tide which sweeps millions of Englishmen into towns in search of a bare living or in hopes of making a fortune.

RUSSIA AND MANCHURIA.

It is now well understood that Russia does not intend to clear out of Southern Manchuria, and the information that a Russian force has reoccupied Haicheng, a place thirty miles to the north of Niuchwang, only goes to strengthen the general conviction regarding Muscovite policy. Actions speak louder than words, yet it is interesting to find that in spite of the difference between certain diplomatic promises and recent performances there is a general agreement between Russian statements on the subject of Manchuria and Russian action there. The Port Arthur paper which is said to reflect Admiral Alexeieff's views is emphatic enough in its declarations that Russia being in Manchuria will abide there, and we gather that the Viceroy himself, when he discusses the question, treats the matter as among the things in this world of which one may be absolutely certain. A North China contemporary publishes an account of an interview which a correspondent had with the Viceroy at Port Arthur, and though the conversation, at the close of daily levee or which passed at a [illegible] excellency public audience which his [illegible] holds, was brief, it was sufficiently significant. The journalist rapidly broached the subjects of Yong-Ampho and the opening of Mukden as a free port, and then gently approached the question of Manchuria. The Viceroy, observes the correspondent, did not say right out that his troops would remain in Manchuria till the Greek Kalends, but indirectly he gave the interviewer to understand that Russia would as soon think of evacuating Siberia. The present excuse for maintaining troops in the Province is the trouble with the brigands, especially in Eastern Manchuria, between Harbin and Vladivostock. Many unfortunate incidents, the Admiral added, occur in the railway zone there. It was no doubt an "unfortunate incident" which led to the re-occupation of Mukden and the arrest of a Tartar General as punishment for the death of an ex-bandit. Apparently, Russia must be permitted to deal with the brigands in her own fashion, for the Chinese Imperial troops might exterminate them too quickly. Yet Viceroy Alexeieff declares that he has received many petitions from the Chinese inhabitants of the various districts, begging that the Russian troops be not withdrawn because of the danger of attack by the brigands. We are further told on the same authority that there would have been a much greater number of such petitions but for the action of the Mandarins, who prevent the people sending in as many as they wish. All this duly impressed the journalist, who ventured the remark: "Then, I suppose that on account of this lawless state of things you will not evacuate Manchuria just yet?" The answer was brief, and to the point. "We'll arrange that matter with the Chinese," said the Viceroy. The meaning of this is that nobody else has anything to do with it and that Japan does not matter. But that remark was made before the Chinese Government were urged to ally themselves with Japan, an alliance which would very seriously affect the question of war though Russia might still remain where she is. On the subject of Korea Admiral Alexeieff explicitly declared that Russia had no fort at Yong-Ampho, not a single cannon, not a single officer, not a single soldier, and that all reports to the contrary are false. But despite this and other positive denials the reports concerning Yong-Ampho continue to be repeated. In the journal which publishes the Viceroy's asseveration appears the statement from Tokio that Colonel Ducat, British Military Attache, has ascertained that the Russian signal station at Yong-Ampho is a real fort after all, and that preparations are being made for the mounting of five or six guns. Between assertions and denials emanating from the Far East there is little to which credence may be given; but the one great irrefragable fact is that Russia will not give up a yard of what she holds.

RUSSIAN AND JAPANESE NAVAL STRENGTH.

At the present moment a comparison of the strength of the naval power of Russia and Japan in the Far East is of importance, showing as it does the extent to which the two nations may be influenced in the present crisis by their respective chances of ultimate success in the event of war. It is quite obvious that a Russo-Japanese struggle would be waged at sea until one or other of the two countries had secured themselves from attack on the waterway between Japan and Korea. It is interesting, therefore, to compare the tonnage of the rival fleets now in Far Eastern waters. Russia has now in the neighbourhood of Vladivostock and Port Arthur eight battleships, five of which have a speed of 18 knots, a displacement of over twelve thousand tons and an armament comprising four guns of over twelve inch, and eleven or twelve of over six inch. The total displacement of these vessels amounts to nearly 97,000 tons. On the other hand, the Japanese battle fleet consists of only six ships. The majority of these, however, are of greater displacement than those of the Russian fleet, four being over 14,000 tons, and two having 15,200 tons displacement. The speed also is uniformly higher than that of the Russian ships and all throw a greater weight of metal than the rival warships. In view of the fact that the total tonnage of the battle fleet of Japan is only about 85,000 tons, it will perhaps be assumed that so far as this section of her naval strength alone is concerned Russia has the advantage. It has to be borne in mind, however, that the Japanese ships are considerably better protected than the Russian. In respect of cruisers and torpedo craft Japan preponderates very considerably. Against four armoured cruisers varying in displacement between 12,000 tons and 7,800, Japan has seven of a uniform tonnage of nearly ten thousand, and one of over 2,000. Again Russia's fleet is equipped with seven protected cruisers, whereas Japan claims twelve. There is good ground for the belief then that Japan is on the whole considerably better off on the sea, so far as the Far East is concerned, than Russia, though the reinforcement of the Russian fleet which we are told Japan is attempting to prevent may alter the relative positions of the two Powers.

LORD LAMINGTON will probably hold a Levee on the 22nd December.

THE Board of Directors of the South Indian Railway have appointed Mr. T. J. McCloughin to be Traffic Manager of that railway.

MADAME GOMEZ, who has been seriously ill for the past two months, is now convalescent, and under advice is to spend part of the cold weather in India.

IN the abstract of accounts of the Paper Currency Department, dated the 22nd instant, gold to the value of 75 lakhs, or more than half-a-million sterling, is shown as in transit to England.

MR. ARTHUR CHAMBERLAIN, brother of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, arrived at Colombo on the 22nd instant by the B. L. s.s. Warwickshire, with his daughters Mrs. Beesely and Miss K. Chamberlain

MR. H. A. CRUMP, I. C. S. Officiating Commissioner of Nagpur, has been appointed President of the Committee which is to report on various questions connected with the amalgamation of the Central Provinces and Berar.

AMONGST the passengers who arrived in Bombay yesterday by the P. and O. Co.'s steamer Persia, were:—Sir Frederick Treves, K. C., V. O., C. B., and Lady Treves, Lady Elles, Hon. and Mrs. Walderave, Sir George Arbuthnot, Sir and Lady R. Harvey and Dr. Dadyseth.

THE Delhi Ratepayers' Association has petitioned the Government against the proposal of the Delhi Municipal Committee to borrow Rs. 5½ lakhs for the completion of the system of open drainage on the ground that the scheme is bad, and also that the loan, in any case, is not necessary if proper economy be observed.

THE Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces, Bombay, will arrive at Bombay at 6 a.m. (local time) on Wednesday, the 9th December. The arrival of the Lieutenant-General Commanding will be private. A salute of 15 guns will be fired from the Saluting Battery at 7 a.m. on Wednesday, to announce the arrival of the Lieutenant-General Commanding.

THE Hon'ble Ahmed Attaoullah Beg, Consul-General for Turkey in Singapore, was killed in a carriage accident after leaving the King's Birthday Ball given by the Governor. His hired gharry-pony bolted down Government Hill and the Consul jumped out of the carriage and fell with great force on the road, fracturing his skull and breaking his neck. He died in a few minutes.

THERE is a growing belief amongst the officials connected with the Chinese Imperial Palace and Imperial Household Department that the Empress Dowager is seriously thinking of vacating Peking soon after the celebration of her 68th birthday anniversary on the 28th instant, owing to a nervous feeling that, should war between Japan and Russia begin this year, Peking will no longer be a safe place for the Imperial Court to remain in.

A MAHOMEDAN watchmaker in a Northern India Cantonment has submitted a petition to the Deputy Commissioner in which he states that he was summoned to give evidence in the Court of the Cantonment Magistrate, and that he entered the Court wearing patent-leather shoes. The Magistrate [illegible] his orderly to take the petitioner out of [illegible] the shoes off, and, after garCourt, make him [illegible] This landing him with them, to bring [illegible] order was forthwith obeyed, and the petitioner, thus adorned, was made to stand at his examination, which lasted half an hour. The Magistrate it is said summarily rejected the application saying:—"Nothing can be done. The applicant has insulted the Court."

THE house of Dalrymple has played a conspicuous part in history. One of the first of note served first Cromwell and got himself confirmed in his appointment as a Lord of Session by Charles II. But he had to fly when all seemed smooth sailing and did not return to his native land until he was able to do so as one of the train of William III. The first Earl was Secretary for Scotland, and bears an infamous name for the part he took as leader in the Glencoe massacre. His successor was the hero of Dettingen where he was second to George II. The present Earl succeeded to his title and estates nearly forty years ago and has from the first day of his possession proved himself a model landlord. He was for some years in Parliament and was one of the men whom Lord John Russell liked and respected as a personal friend apart from considerations of political support.

THERE was a time when the late Professor Mommsen was an immense favourite with English readers of his works, and many of us remember with what enthusiasm a project was taken up to repair as far as possible the damage done to his library by fire rather more than twenty years ago. English congratulations were included in those showered upon him upon his 80th birthday; ten years earlier Oxford University had sent him an address of felicitation. Many stories are told of his absence of mind. He permitted his hair to be frizzled off by a candle by whose light he was reading this year. But the most characteristic incident was his thrusting an infant into his waste-paper basket when it cried. Bismarck had not much respect for Mommsen as a public man, but may be it would have gladdened the old Chancellor's heart to see the scholar publicly reprobating the language of the Kaiser not long ago. No other man outside the Socialist ranks dared have done such a thing in Germany.

THE Queen of Greece, in visiting St. Petersburg for the operation which she has been called upon to undergo, finds herself in the midst of affectionate friends. She is a Russian Grand Princess by birth, and retains a great affection for the land of her birth. At one period of her life her devotion to fatherland threatened to tinge her life with some measure of unhappiness. She had been brought up to regard the Teuton as the natural enemy of the Slavonic race. Hence when, without her sanction, her son, the Crown Prince, became engaged to a sister of the German Emperor she took the match very much to heart. For some time after the marriage relations between the bride and the Queen were not cordial, but in her terrible sorrow over the death of her favourite daughter the Grand Duchess Paul of Russia, Queen Olga found in the love and devotion of the Crown Princess a balm which, while it helped to heal her wounded heart, succeeded at the same time in extinguishing any trace of unforgiveness that may have remained.

"A propos" of autographs, when the "Record of the C I V. M. I." was published, it occurred to the late Colour-Sergeant G. L. McD

TELEGRAMS

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE FAR EAST CRISIS.

The Possession of Manchuria.

CHINESE OFFERS TO FIGHT JAPAN AND RUSSIA.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 27.

The "Daily Telegraph," in a dispatch from Shanghai, says that the Viceroys and Governors of thirteen provinces outside Chihli have offered the Throne to send 90,000 foreign drilled troops to fight Russia for the possession of Manchuria.

The "Morning Post" understands that there is no truth in the reports that Japan is ready to abandon Manchuria to Russia in return for a free hand in Korea.

BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

The British Deputation in Paris.

CORDIAL SPEECH BY M. COMBES

LONDON, NOVEMBER 26.

The British parliamentary deputation in Paris to-day visited the Chamber of Deputies and the Senate and attended a reception at the Elysee.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 27.

The British Parliamentary deputation has been most hospitably entertained in Paris.

At the reception at the Elysee President Loubet conversed affably with the guests.

A brilliant banquet took place in the evening at the Grand Hotel, and the speeches were marked by the utmost cordiality on both sides.

M. Combes, the Premier, spoke decidedly in support of a good understanding between the two nations, and was loudly applauded.

Referring to the presence at the same table without distinction of Party of the representatives of the French and British people, he hoped the Arbitration Treaty would prove a fruitful germ of future treaties.

NEW BISHOP OF BOMBAY.

Dr. McArthur's Successor.

BISHOP OF MAURITIUS APPOINTED.

The Right Reverend W. R. Pym, at present the Bishop of Mauritius, has been appointed Bishop of Bombay.

[The Rt. Rev. Walter Ruthven Pym, D. D., has been Bishop of Mauritius since 1898. He was born on the 22nd June, 1856, the third son of Mr. Alexander Pym, and was educated at Tedford Grammar School and Magdalene College, Cambridge, where he took the degree of M. A. in 1887. He entered the Church in 1880, and was curate of Lytham, Lancashire, from 1880 to 1882. In the latter year he was appointed Curate in charge of St. John's Miles Platting, Manchester. The next year 1883 he was appointed Vicar of Wentworth and Domestic Chaplain to Lord Fitzwilliam, occupying this living for six years. He was Vicar of St Andrew's, Sharrow, from 1889 to 1893 and was then appointed to the Vicarage of Rotherham. He held this living until his appointment to the See of Mauritius. During the time he occupied the Rotherham living he was Rural Dean and Proctor in the Convocation of York, a member of the Sheffield School Board, and afterwards of the Rotherham School Board. Dr. Pym married Lucy Ann, the fifth daughter of Thomas Threlfall of Lytham.]

THE SOMALI WAR.

Dervish Raiders Routed.

GENERAL MANNING'S CAPTURE.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 26.

General Manning's brigade in returning to Bohotle encountered 220 Dervish raiders and killed six, besides capturing 3,000 head of stock.

THE ITALIAN ROYAL VISIT.

Distribution of Honours.

LORD MAYOR'S AND SHERIFF'S REWARDS.

The Lord Mayor has been made a Baronet and Sheriff Reynolds has been knighted in commemoration of the visit of the King and Queen of Italy to the Guildhall.

[The new Lord Mayor, Alderman Sir James Thomson Ritchie, who has been made a baronet, is a brother of Mr. C. T. Ritchie, ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer. He was born at Dundee in 1835, his father being prominent at the time in the jute trade of that northern city. He was educated locally and as a boy was brought to the metropolis. Eventually he became a partner with his brother, Mr. C. T. Ritchie M.P., in the business of their father. The position he holds and the esteem in which he is regarded were evidenced only a few months ago on the occasion of his retirement from the chairmanship of the London Jute Association, an organisation of which he was a founder and whose chair he had filled during the 28 years of its existence. In the year 1894 the Lord Mayor sustained a sad loss by the death of his wife. The elderman is a member of the Bakers' and Shipwrights' Companies. He was knighted at the Diamond Jubilee, when he served as Sheriff.

Sheriff Sir Alfred J. Reynolds occupies the position of Managing Director of Reynolds, Sons and Co. He is a Justice of the Peace for the counties of Middlesex and Herts, and a Visiting Magistrate to his Majesty's prisons of Brixton and Holloway. He is a Conservative in politics, a sound Churchman, and a member of a Junior Carlton Club. The Guild with which he is associated as a member is the Spectacle Makers.]

MACEDONIAN REFORMS.

The Austro-Russian Scheme.

WHY TURKEY ACCEPTED.

Before assenting to the reforms the Porte begged Austria and Russia to modify the scheme but received an absolute refusal.

The Russian Ambassador yesterday repeating the refusal in a strong Note the Porte's attitude then completely changed.

CRICKET.

HINDU GYMKHANA VS. ELPHINSTONE C. C.

A MATCH will be played between the Hindu Gymkhana and the Elphinstone C. C on the Hindu Gymkhana ground on Sunday, commencing at 10-30 a.m. The following will represent the Hindu Gymkhana :—Messrs. C. V. Mehta ; P. K. Telang ; G. R. Punda ; G. R. Kirtikar (captain) ; N. P. Pai ; W. B. Talpade, K. A. Date ; W.L. Masurker ; R. V. Agasker ; Dhargalker ; Bhatavdekar ; P. G. Sukhadia.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ANOTHER PARLIAMENTARY VACANCY.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 26.

The death is announced of Mr. Robert Jaspet More, member for the Ludlow division of Shropshire.

[Mr. Robert Jasper More had been member for the Ludlow division of Shropshire in the Liberal Unionist interest since 1885. He was the eldest son of the Rev. Thomas Frederick More, Lenley Hall, Shropshire. He was educated at Shrewsbury and Balliol and was called to the Bar at Lincoln's Inn, January 1863. He was High Sheriff and D.L. for his county and a Magistrate for several counties. He was one of the originators of the Chamber of Agriculture, and in 1891 and 1892 was Chairman of the Corn Sales Committee. One of his pet schemes was to abolish the sale of grain by measure and substitute sale by weight. He was at one time a Radical. At the last two elections he was returned unopposed. In 1892 the figures at the poll were :—R. J. More (L. U.) 5,935 ; F. S. Morris (G. L.) 2,146 ; majority 3,819.]

THE PUNJAB MANŒUVRES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, NOVEMBER 27.

The Adjutant-General's and Quartermaster-General's offices will open in Calcutta on the 7th December. Meanwhile the Adjutant-General, the Quartermaster-General the Inspectors-General of Cavalry and Artillery, the Director of Military Education, the Military and Assistant Military Secretaries to the Commander-in-Chief, Colonel Wickham Transport, and Major G. Barrow, Mobiliastion Department, will attend the manœuvres in the Punjab and join the camp there next week.

THE GROUNDIN OF A B. I. STEAMER.

PILOT RESPONSIBLE.

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 27.

J. D. Bellew, branch pilot was yesterday unanimously found guilty by a Marine Court of negligence and unskilfulness in allowing the British India steamer Sofala of which he was in piletage charge to ground at Pir Serang Crossing on the 3rd September last, and was sentenced to be placed on half-earnings for twelve months.

EUROPEAN'S MYSTERIOUS DEATH.

Mr. S. Hyatt Woolffe an agent for the Underwood Typewriter came to Calcutta, in answer to some advertisements and was temporarily putting up at 60 Dhurrumtolla. He retired to bed on Tuesday night, and was found dead the next morning. The symptoms show death to be due to narcotic poisoning. His death is considered suspicious and an inquest is to be held.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATION.

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 27.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Mr. W. S. Davis, Officiating Agent, is posted as Political Agent, Loralai.

Captain H. A. K. Gough, Officiating Political Assistant, is posted temporarily as First Assistant to the Agent, Governor-General, Baluchistan.

Mr. J. B. Wood is posted as First Assistant to the Agent, Governor-General in Baluchistan.

Major E. Lemesurier, Political Assistant, has been granted privilege leave for two months and two days and also furlough on medical certificate for one year, nine months, and twenty-eight days.

Major A. F. Bruce, Political Agent, has been granted privilege leave for three months and is also granted furlough for nine months and fifteen days.

Captain C. J. Windham, Political Assistant, has been appointed Assistant to the Resident, Kashmir.

Major W. H. B. Robinson, Agency Surgeon, is granted privilege leave for three months and furlough for a year and nine months.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. B. W. Garrick, Artist, Geological Survey Department, is granted privilege leave for three months and in continuation furlough for one year.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. Campbell, I. C. S., is placed on special duty in this department.

Mr. G. A. Grierson, Ph. D., C. I. E., and Mr. R. Carstairs have been permitted to resign his Majesty's Indian Civil Service.

The services of Major C. B. Baldock, 44th Merwara Infantry, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

The services of Captain E. F. G. Tucker, I. M. S., are replaced at the disposal of the Commander-in-Chief.

The Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of a despatch, dated October 24th, from his Majesty's representative at The Hague, intimating that importation and carriage in transit of rags, wearing apparel in use, and personal linen of travellers from Bombay to Calcutta and Fort Elizabeth is prohibited.

The services of Mr. R. Enthoven, I.C. S., has been placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

MR. PENNELL AND THE BURMA BENCH.

RANGOON, NOVEMBER 27.

To-day Mr. A.P. Pennell barrister-at-law, presented an application before Sir Thirkell White, Chief. Judge, and Justice Fox for leave to appeal to the Privy Council from an order of suspension passed on him by a Full Bench of Judges of the Lower Burma Chief Court prohibiting him from practising as an advocate for three months. Their Honours reserved judgment.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL SISSON C. PRATT, R. A., (retired), through Messrs. Gale and Polden, has just issued a fifth edition of his splendid work on Military Law "The Military Law Examiner." It has been brought up to date and contains the questions set at public examinations in military law from 1890 to 1903, together with the answers to them.

Lt.-Col J. Morris, R.A.M.C., Offg. Principal Medical Officer, Bombay and Nagpur Districts, will proceed to Bhuj to preside over the Annual Invaliding Board on native Troops there, leaving Bombay on the 1st December. Lt.-Col. C. J. Sarkies, I.M.S, will perform the duties of the Principal Medical Officer during his absence.

Under instructions from the Principal Medical Officer, Bombay Command, Lieut.-Col. F. J. Lambkin, R.A.M.C., is directed to proceed to Quetta to assume command of the Station Hospital.

Under instructions from the Principal Medical Officer, Madras Command, Major T. G. Lavie, R.A. M.C., will, on arrival from England, proceed to Bangalore.

ARRIVALS : NOVEMBER 26.—Calthrop, Col. Beng I M S, on leave from Shillong.

Hambro, Capt, Beng, XV Hussars, on M C from Meerut.

Lambkin, Lt. Col. Bo. R A M C, on duty from Hongkong.

Brown, Lt. Bo. R Warwick Regt. on leave from Ahmednagar.

Woods, Capt, Bo. 1st S Lanc Regt. from leave from England.

Mills, Major, Bo, R A M C, on leave from Ahmedabad.

Jones, Lt, Bo, York and Lanc. Regt, on leave from Mhow.

Macpherson, Lt. Bo. 124th Baluchistan, on furlough from Loralai.

Young, Col, Bo, Staff, on leave from Deesa.

Mathias, Lt. Bo. the Welsh Regt. on leave from Quetta.

Green, Lt. Bo. 32nd Lancers, on leave from Quetta.

Roache, Lt. Bo. West York Regt. on leave from Quetta.

PRESIDENCY RIFLE ASSOCIATION MEETING.

NINTH DAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, NOVEMBER 27.

The Rifle Meeting is now drawing to a successful conclusion. To-morrow General Hunter commanding the Bombay Forces will give away the prize. The shooting this year was remarkably very good. Several competitors made a possible. The following are the results :—

REVOLVER COMPETITION.

	Pts.
Jamedar Raghunath, 126th Infantry	63
Resaldar Ahmad Khan, 29th Lancers	62
Subedar Mohabad Khan, 108th Infantry	38
SCOUTING COMPETITION Native.	
Naik Sakharam Kadam, 117th Infantry	23
Private Sholeshan, 31st Infantry	22
Lance-Naik Khashaba Gaikwar, 108 Infantry	21
CHAMPIONSHIP—50 yards.	
Naik Hyder Khan, 120th Infantry	35
Naik Yishnu Vithorbar, 107th Infantry	35
Jamedar Nawabsing, 120th Infantry	35
Naik Surbasing, 44th Merwara	35
Daffedar Mohaboob Khan, 29th Lancers	34
Jemedar Raghunathsing, 25th Infantry	34
Clarc-Havildar Pandu, 126th Infantry	34
Pte Kaliasing, 130th Infantry	34
BRITISH REVOLVER MATCH.	
Lieutenant Burke, 17th Infantry	70
Lieutenant Henderson, 125th Infantry	69
Sergeant Johnson, Argyll and Sutherland	69
SCOUTING COMPETITION British.	
Sergeant Johnson, Argyll and Sutherland	23
Corporal Reynolds, Cheshires	20
Lance-Corporal Donaghu, Connaught Rangers	20
Pte Grayson, York and Lancaster	13
Pte Dunbar, East Lancashires	10
Pte Taylor, Cheshires	10
UNLIMITED ENTRIES—200 yards.	
Havildar Imambir, 124th Infantry	35
Pte Said Jafer, 84th Infantry	34
Naik Janu Sinde, 103rd Infantry	34
Havildar Sher Mahomed, 124th Infantry	34
UNLIMITED ENTRIES—800 yards.	
Havildar Chanderao Chawan, 105th Infantry	34
Lance-Naik Daji Sigwan, 103rd Infantry	31
Havildar Major Shankar Nair, 103rd Infty.	33
UNLIMITED ENTRIES—50 yards	
Color-Havildar Vitho Pareb, 117th Infantry	35
Havildar Tukan Bhoite, 124th Infantry	35
Naik Babu Pareb, 117th Infantry	35
Subedar Bhorakhan, 108th Infantry	34
Lance-Naik Hasayali, 44th Infantry	34
UNLIMITED ENTRIES—500 yards.	
Lance-Naik Naker Baksh, 108th Infantry	35
Lance-Havildar Bhurra, 4th Infantry	35
Color-Havildar Vithu Pareb, 117th Infantry	35
CHAMPIONSHIP—50 yards.	
Sergeant Clarke, Seaforth Highlanders	34
Sergeant Kolley, Bangalore Volunteers	34
Pte Logan, Royal Scots	34
Sergeant Ryder, Connaught Rangers	33
Lance-Corporal Edgley, Suffolks	33
Captain Armstrong, York and Lancaster	32
Lance-Corporal Goddard, Suffolks	32
Lieutenant Henderson 126th Infantry	32
Lance-Corporal Rooney, Seaforths	32
Sergeant Shipway, Cheshires	32
Corporal Fernand 2, R B and C I R V	32
Sergeant Johnson, Argyll Sutherland	32
BRITISH CHAMPIONSHIP—aggregate.	
Pte Richardson, Royal Scots	180
Pte Booth, Cheshires	179
Conductor Hendon, R E	180
Sergeant Holley, Bangalore Volunteers	176
Captain Marshall, York and Lancaster	176
Pte Evans, Cheshires	176
Pte Trutch, York and Lancaster	175
Sergeant James, Cheshires	174

(a) Won Bombay Presidency Rifle Association Gold Medal.
(b) Won Silver Medal.
(c) Won Bronze Medal.

AFFINITY STAKES.

	Pts.
Major and Mrs Anderson, Fifteen entries.	60

DIANA PLATE.

Mrs Major	35
Mrs Anderson	34

Sixty-four entries.

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS CUP—500 and 1,000 yards.

	Pts.
1st team, B B and C I R V	205
Cheshire Regiment	201
93rd Highlanders	198
2dd team, S B C I R V	197
York and Lancashire	196
Royal Scots	195
Seaforth Highlanders	193
Connaught Rangers	190
East Lancashires	109
UNLIMITED ENTRIES—200 yards.	
Sergent Major Stafford, 3e forths	35
Sergeant Fitzgerald, Connaughts	34
Captain Marshall, York and Lancaster	34
Lance-Corporal Donaghu, Connaught	34
UNLIMITED ENTRIES—500 yards.	
Sergeant Clarke B V A	35
Sergeant Holley, Bangalore Volunteers	34
Sergeat Hyder, Connaught's	34
Pte Ashton, Cheshires	34
Color-Sergeat Smith, Seaforths	34

THE ATTACK ON OFFICERS.

SENTENCE ON THE ACCUSED.

BANGALORE, NOVEMBER 27.

In connection with the assault by villagers near Whitefield lately on two officers of the Essex Regiment, Lieutenants Neave and Thomson, while out snipe shooting, the two natives who snatched away their guns have been tried by the Hindu magistrate of Bangalore City, who characterized their offence as robbery and sentenced them to six months each. The evidence adduced for the prosecution by four witness showed that a little cow boy was hit with No. 9 shot and very slightly injured. He was behind some brushwood 150 yards away from the shikaris and cried out when hit. The officers thereupon attended to a slight puncture caused by a spent shot and gave him an orange and some money. Two hours later a villager mob demanded more money and committed the assault.

The Magistrate returned the guns to the owners. An appe has been preferred against the sentence.

SIR M. M. BHOWNAGGREE, M. P., AND THE FISCAL QUESTION.

TAKING part in a debate on the fiscal question at a meeting of the N. E. Bethnal Green Conservative and Unionist Association, Sir M. M. Bhownaggree, M. P., explained that he had not followed the course, adopted by some members of Parliament and others, and made up his mind immediately Mr. Chamberlain and Mr Balfour tentatively put forward their proposals. He preferred to wait until the matter had been discussed. He had, however, long recognised that some means were required to be adopted to protect those trades and industries which had suffered through the fiscal policy adopted during the past 50 years He was glad to be able to meet those who had accepted him as their representative in Parliament and discuss the whole matter with them. It was with pleasure that he already found that the sentiment not only of that division but of the constituencies at large throughout the Kingdom was in a preponderating degree in favour of the sentiment of which Mr. Chamberlain was the energetic exponent. (Applause.)

After several members of the Association had expressed their views Sir Muncherjee summed up the discussion. He urged that in a matter of such national importance it was the duty of the people to thoroughly thrash out all the details, and if they saw eye to eye with the leaders of the Government to strengthen the hands of the Government, so as to enable it to boldly attack the existing evils. He submitted that when Mr. Cobden introduced free trade, he did not have in mind free trade as it existed to-day. (Hear, hear.) The idea was that the nations should exchange with each other the results of their labour on equal terms. Why should we allow foreign countries to introduce articles into this country free of duty while our own goods were heavily taxed. (Hear, hear.) Cobden and the men who thought with him imagined that other countries would follow our example ; but they had not done so, and the result was that many of our handicrafts and industries had for many years suffered from depression. Not only did foreign countries send goods in free of duty, but in some cases the steamships bringing them were subsidised by the Governments, with the results that often the good came in freight free as well. ("Shame.") Inquiry had proved that countries who had adopted protection had prospered, while we had been injured. (Hear hear.) The great Trusts too which have sprung up of late years had further injured us. He was opposed to these great monopolies, for in the end the consumer suffered. The hon. member then explained the meaning of protection and retaliation, and said it was abundantly clear that this country must have some means of defending herself when her interests were injured and also further threatened. (Applause.) A resolution was adopted expressing approval of the position taken up by Sir Muncherjee.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

"A." CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—Time 3-15 p.m.

The following races will sail to-day :—

Names of Boats.	Time Allces. m s	Entered by
Forella	Scratch	Mr C T R Scovell
Sapphire	2 0	R H H Hopkins and Capt R Muter R E
Chita	6 30	Mr E Cumber
Stella	6 30	Col H Boyd I M S
Nanta	16 30	Mr G B Adamson
Inca	17 30	E Faulkner

Course No 5 = 8·8 miles.

"B." CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—Time 2 45 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allces. m s	Entered by
Janeta	Scratch	Officers R E
Pixie	1 30	Mr E R Smetham
Sayonara	14 30	Major Curtis R A M C
Da-rinda	19 0	Capt J B MacFadyen

Course No 5 = 8·8 miles.

TOMTIT CLASS RACE.—Time 3 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Entered by
Tomtit	Dr F M Gibson
Lawking	Mr E C Richards

Course No 3 = 7·1 miles.

SHIP'S BOAT RACE.—Time 2-30 p. m.

Names of Boats.	Entered by.
Nankin's Cutter	Capt Roberts
Colesmander Gig	Capt Montford
Bengal's Life Boat	Capt Phillips
Pekin's Life Boat	Capt Goldsmith
Oriental's Cutter	Capt Spicer
Managon's Gig	Capt Selby Hall

Course from Committee Vessel round P and O Mooring Buoy "G" thus East of P and O Dockyard Managon, leaving it to starboard and back to the Committee Vessel, = 5·5 miles

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, NOVEMBER 13.

THE PRIME MINISTER AT THE GUILDHALL.

A TAME Lord Mayor's Banquet, that is tame so far as the feast of reason and flow of soul are concerned. The feast of turtle, &c. and the flow of champagne were, I have no doubt, as exhilarating as ever. To the surprise of some newspaper writers who forget that he was only following a well established custom, Mr. Balfour in replying to the toast of his Majesty's Ministers carefully eschewed domestic politics and confined himself to external matters. His survey of foreign affairs was, however, preceded by an eloquent tribute to Lord Salisbury, and it is curious to note that Mr. Balfour who is nothing if he is not a rhetorician, by which I mean a man who always speaks according to the rules of the art, specially dwelt on his eminent predecessor's powers as an orator. "Other speakers," said Mr. Balfour feelingly, "no doubt may spend anxious hours in finding the epigram, which is to give some lightness to the heavy oration. With Lord Salisbury the difficulty was not to find epigrams but to restrain them. They flowed from him. They flowed from that acute and subtle brain without difficulty, without labour, to the delight of all who heard him in public, and the great delight of those privileged to have private access to his conversation." Quite true. In this respect Lord Salisbury was in striking antithesis to his nephew. As a speaker the one was as unartificial as the other is artificial. Turning to the outer portions of the globe Mr. Balfour commenced with the Far East and passed on to the Near East. Regarding the former his most notable reflection was that there is no more passionate advocate of general peace than the Emperor of Russia—a reflection satisfactory as far as it goes but not quite sufficient to remove the anxiety that still pervades men's minds as to the future course of events in the east of Asia. With reference to the Near Eastern question Mr. Balfour is convinced that we are on the right line in endeavouring to maintain that this question is a European question, is ultimately to be dealt with by the concert of Europe, and that the concert of Europe cannot more effectively carry out its design than through the two Great Powers, Austria and Russia, who have, quite rightly in my judgment, and in perfect harmony and concord, set themselves to deal with the situation. "It is easy," he said, "to sneer at the concert of Europe or at the action of the two Powers I have mentioned, on the ground that it is slow, on the ground that it is ineffective, or that it inevitably carries with it difficulties and delays. All these things are true, and it is further true that the Concert of Europe are never likely to produce and to carry into effect any plan so good as might be conceived, perhaps, by the Foreign Office of one particular Power, or, at all events, in the mind of particular individuals and theorists." All the same nothing to his mind is more certain than that these evils, great as they are, are far less than the evil that would ensue if this corporate action were abandoned and the whole problem were left to be dealt with by the individual caprice, possibly by the individual selfishness, of this or that particular Power. He admits that the Austro-Russian scheme of reforms is the minimum, but he says emphatically that that minimum must be enforced. The significance of the cheers with which this statement was received and the approving comments of the Continental Press will doubtless not be lost upon the advisers of the Sultan who apparently are still holding back in the hope of profiting as in the past by the mutual jealousies of the Great Powers.

FISCALITIS.

We have arrived at a point when the fiscal orators on both sides have ceased to find anything new to say, but Lord Rosebery in his speech at Leicester made a digression which has given rise to a good deal of discussion. I refer to his appeal for unity amongst Free Traders and especially amongst Liberal Free Traders. After appealing to Unionist Free Fooders to keep in as close touch as possible until the "victory for Free Trade is won" he said:—"I cannot forget that it was in this very place and from this very platform that an attempt was made to proscribe my policy and my friends. Why do I recall that now? Is it for purposes of recrimination? God forbid. Let bygones be bygones. I refer to that business, I hope, for the last time in my life, to that attempt at proscription. I fling back the message of peace. I say this—that Liberals will be fools, and worse than fools, if they be not united, shoulder to shoulder, to resist this mad and dangerous experiment, to stand face to face against the forces of reaction endeavouring to retrace our steps of progress, and to go back for half a century, if they do not stand close and cordial together to maintain the noble fabric of our commerce and our Empire." He added :—"In the face of such an issue as this, so vital to us now and in the long days to come, surely it is futile and petty to indulge in the personal equation. Life is not long enough or strong enough for this. You have all the forces that can animate a people nerving you in this struggle. Your fathers are bidding you remember their sufferings under protection. Your sons adjure you to protect the future of your commerce and your dominion." Does this mean that Lord Rosebery is willing to serve under Earl Spencer if the Liberals should come in after the next general election? Whatever Captain Ellice, the newly-elected member for St. Andrew's, may say, it is clear that while one influential section of the Liberals would not consent to Sir Henry Campbell Bannerman as Prime Minister, an equally, perhaps more, influential section would refuse to accept Lord Rosebery as their Commander-in-Chief. Both apparently are willing to hail Earl Spencer as their leader. Although intellectually Earl Spencer does not stand so high as at least half a dozen other prominent men on the Opposition side he has moral qualities and prestige which in the present situation fit him for the highest office under the crown. The ordinary notion that Lord Spencer is a haughty man is entirely erroneous and his sacrifices to his principles have been far greater than most people imagine. When Earl Spencer elected to follow Mr. Gladstone's lead in the Home Rule days his action was bitterly resented by those who thought nothing of similar conduct on the part of Lord Rosebery and the rest. The terrible social ostracism Lord Spencer underwent was keenly felt by himself and even more keenly by his wife. I have heard, and I have no reason to doubt the statement, that the reason why the present sovereign, both before and after he came to the Throne showed such marked attention to Lord and Lady Spencer was to compensate them for the social penalties inflicted upon them. The members of the British aristocracy seem to spend no small portion of their seemingly easy lives in visiting at each others houses. To people of this class to find, as Lord and Lady Spencer did, houses where they were always previously welcomed absolutely closed to them after Home Rule came upon the scene would be a painful experience, but there were other ways in which the displeasure of society was manifested.

THE GENTLE HYNDMAN.

Mr. Hyndman whom certain detractors of British rule in India are so anxious to see in Parliament, was one of the speakers at a fiscal meeting held in Queen's Hall, Langham Place, two days ago, in connection with that curious body—the Social Democratic Federation. Unlike some of the speakers who impartially abused Tories and Liberals alike, Mr. Hyndman seems to have directed all or nearly all his venom to Free Trade leaders, describing Sir Henry Fowler as one of the most brutal and blackguardly Secretaries of State for India ever known : suggesting that Mr. John Morley "had better confine himself to writing biographies of the dead if he had nothing better to propose for the living," proclaiming that Mr. Asquith's one achievement up to the present was the murder of miners at Featherstone and accusing the Liberal party generally of hypocrisy and infernal rascality in ignoring facts from a fear of alienating Lord Rosebery and its great capitalist supporters. But for the fact that the Social Democratic Federation appears to be flush of cash just now it might be suggested that the wealthy Tariff Reform League should show its gratitude for Mr. Hyndman's speech by sending the organization of which he is so permanent a member a handsome cheque. Of course it would be returned ; but years ago one of Mr. Hyndman's close allies, in conversation with me, apropos of a certain notorious Parliamentary election in a northern suburb, maintained that Socialists were perfectly justified in accepting money from Conservatives to oppose Liberal candidates on the ground I suppose that all is fair in love and politics. I asked a Unionist friend of mine the other day whether a relative of his who takes an active interest in the affairs of his country, and who is also a bit of a politician, intended standing as a candidate for Parliament at the next general election. "No," was the answer, "he has had several offers but I am glad to say that he has refused them all." "Why are you glad" I inquired. "Why ? I will tell you. Because he is an honest man and knows nothing about the seamy side of politics. If he got into the House it would make him miserable to see what an extremely unpleasant business politics are even in a country where we daily return thanks that in regard to our public life we are not as the rest of men. 'Tis true 'tis pity ; And pity 'tis 'tis true.

LORD ROWTON AND THE HON. GEORGE BRODRICK.

The death roll this week contains the names of two notable men—Lord Rowton, "fidus achates" of Beaconsfield, trusted friend of Queen Victoria and founder of the "poor men's clubs" now such a marked feature of the Metropolis, and the Hon. George Brodrick, Lawyer, Journalist and Scholar. There was only seven years' difference between the ages of these two remarkable personalities, and though there were no other points of resemblance each has left his mark on his day and generation. I have said that there were no points of resemblance except age between Mr. Brodrick and Lord Rowton but they were alike in being extremely amiable. Indeed Lord Rowton's strong point was amiability joined to tact, and it is said on good authority that he owed his selection as Private Secretary to Disraeli to the fact that the latter was impressed by the manner in which on one occasion his versatile young friend saved a dull country house party and kept all the guests from being bored, and there is no boredom in the wide world equal to that of a country house under certain circumstances. Intellectually of course he stood on a different plane from that of Mr. Brodrick, and in truth was with a smaller endowment of intellectuality than Lord Rowton possessed may make and have made very successful Private Secretaries. I could mention some but it would be cruel, and I forbear. Apropos it is commonly supposed that Lord Rowton never wrote the long-expected life of his Great Master because of the difficulty of accomplishing this task without treading upon certain people's corns. The real reason I believe was Lord Rowton's distrust of his own literary powers, but one would have thought that he might have called in some man of letters to collaborate on a book that ought to be published. In one respect Lord Rowton differed very considerably from Mr. Brodrick. The former was what the world calls an eminently successful man and overloaded with honours. Mr. Brodrick was a disappointed man and comparatively obscure. During his thirteen years toil as a leader writer for the "Times" he took pleasure in reflecting that he was doing the work of an unrecognised statesman and exercising a greater influence on public opinion than any politician except a very few in the foremost rank. But he regarded his journalistic work merely as an apprenticeship to a seat in the House of Commons which notwithstanding his perseverance he failed to obtain. Of the congratulations he received from his friends on his election to the Wardenship of Merton he said with a touch of bitterness : "They assum d with kindly ignorance of my feelings that an academical "otium cum dignitate" was the climax of my lifelong ambition. Until Mr. Gladstone took up with Home Rule Mr. Brodrick was a Liberal and it is interesting to remember that in one of his electoral fights he was pitted against Lord Randolph Churchill, whose promising son has this week by his courageous invasion of Mr Chamberlain's stronghold been showing that he is a true chip of the old block.

THE ST. LOUIS EXHIBITION AND INDIA "NOT IN IT."

When shall we have men of business in the Cabinet here and in the Executive Council of India to deal with business questions? The blunders of professional officials in dealing with the smallest matters of business are so constant and so ridiculous that one is tempted to cry out for a Government not simply of two Chamberlains, but all of Chamberlains, in spite of any amount of new fiscality they might spring on a long-suffering people. The Government of India having deliberately and explicitly refused to take any part in the St Louis Exhibition an Indian firm established for over twenty years in this country applied direct to the British Royal Commission, 47, Victoria St., for space. This was early in July last. Since then the firm has repeatedly asked for an answer to the application, but none was forthcoming until this week when they were told that there was no space for them, with the demi-official explanation that, not being British subjects they had no claim to space. Imagine gentlemen whose families have for generations been loyal subjects of the Crown in India, and who for nearly a generation have been paying rates and taxes in England, and promoting a new trade between the United Kingdom and India, being told that they were not British subjects. The truth is that prejudice must have been at the back of a rebuff, the cruelty of which is aggravated by the fact that the refusal was delayed for over four months. The Royal Commission has evidently lost its temper over the refusal of the Government of India to take any part on the Commission or in the Exhibition, and has punished this Indian London firm for the attributed "laches" of the Government. It is in this way that Royal Commissions invariably destroy the credit of the British Empire at all international Exhibitions. The last Exhibition at Paris, outside the Indian Section, was simply ruinous to the credit of the United Kingdom ; and it has always been so with all the Exhibitions in which we take any official part, the reason being that Royal Commissions are invariably composed principally of Statesmen, great Noblemen, great Artists, and other notabilities, with but a sprinkling of business men, and these usually of a past generation, and because they are all rich and hospitable, and, therefore, fashionable. Then the clerical staff from top to bottom is invariably composed of cut and dried officials who shirk all responsibility, and dare not call their souls their own. In the present case, of course, the Government of India is also to blame. As a matter of courtesy they should have been represented at St. Louis, and as a matter of business India should be represented at every international Exhibition under State control. India cannot afford to be absent. I am glad to know that the Indian Tea Association will put in a strong exhibit, and I wish it every success ; and I hope that the City firm of Indian importers may yet be able to secure a place in the Exhibition, which they are advised they can do by applying direct to the Exhibition Authorities at St. Louis. If the Government of India and the United Kingdom go on in this fossilised fashion all Indian and English business men better register themselves as "Naturalized Americans." Indeed, there are some of our seers who declare that all this popular foregathering of the English speaking nations means the gradual gravitation of the British Empire into a confederation under the hegemony of the United States ; and very much, because British statesmen and British officials are not business men—Eton boys, Harrow boys, Oxford men, Cambridge men, but of the whole shoot of them never a man for the nation's money—saving "Our Joe."

THE CASE OF MR. EDALJI.

Sir M. M. Bhownaggree, M.P., has, I hear, consented to place himself at the head of the movement for demanding a review of the case of Mr. Edalji by the Home Secretary, and the duty of preparing the case has been undertaken by Mr. Yelverton, the barrister. Supposing that Mr. Edalji were guilty of the outrages for which he has been condemned, the sentence of seven years' penal servitude passed on him is held by many to be too severe. But the greatest doubts prevail as to his guilt, and in the face of the continuance of the cattle maiming going on at Great Wyrley, it is impossible not to share those doubts ; while a large mass of evidence has, it seems, been collected proving that Mr. Edalji, senior, has, for the past 15 years, been subject to the most extraordinary petty persecutions at the hands of his ignorant parishioners, mostly of the mining class and for no other reason apparently than his being a Parsee. Funds will be wanted to defray the costs of the action being taken on young Edalji's behalf, and although these will be easily raised in this country, that is in London, where there is none of the ill-feeling towards "foreigners" in which English country people are apt to indulge, yet for the honour of the Parsee community, it is very much to be hoped that contributions will be forthcoming from Western India also. It was a great mistake on the part of the Zoroastrian Fund Committee in this country, the "London Parsee Punchayat" as it is generally denominated, to have failed as they did to initiate the vindication of Mr. Edalji's character. Sir George Bird-wood, who, from the first, has insisted on the absolute innocence of Mr. Edalji in again writing to an enquirer as to the suggested connection of these crimes with any survival of 'instinctive Mithraism" has addressed himself very fully to the subject, and the following extract from his reply will be read with special interest by Parsees in Bombay:—"You see the suggestion has no practical bearing on the present case. You might as well refer bull-baiting and our English appetite for roast beef to Mithraism. Nevertheless, the question thus raised is of the highest interest and the greatest fascination for all Parsees. They probably all know that Darius and Xerxes carried the sacred fire throughout Anterior Asia and up to the shores of the Ægean and into the heart of Hellas, and that again about 1,200 years later Cyrus II kindled the magian fire in the very sepulchre of Christ at Jerusalem, subjugated Africa to Tripoli ; that for ten years Constantinople itself was virtually dominated by the Persian hosts on the opposite side of the sea of Marmora, and that the Byzantine Cæsar was on the point of transferring his capital to Carthage. But few Parsees seem to be aware of the influence these Persian attacks on the West exercised on the thought of pagan and Christian Europe. The Eleatic philosophy of Greece was the direct result of the reaction of Persian ideas on Ionian philosophy. Still more profound was the influence of Persia in modifying the original teaching of the Christian Gospels. Their simple teaching rapidly developed into the leading forms, the Persian, or as it is sometimes called the oriental, and even the African and the Hellenic. The Hellenic became supreme in the end, but for centuries it was doubtful whether the Persian form represented by the Gnostic and Manichæan (Manik-jees) "heresies" would not have prevailed. This Persian influence extended all over Europe even into Britain, and continued active down to the cataclysm of "the barbarian," and the irruption into Iran itself of the

THE MAIL SUMMARY.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 13.

HOME.

Appointments.—Mr. F. Elliot, British Agent at Sofia, has been appointed Minister at Athens vice Mr. Erskine. Resident in Negri Sembilan has been appointed High Commissioner of Southern Nigeria.

Chester Election.—In this division of Lancashire last week Lord Stanley (C.) was re-elected, receiving 6,326 more votes than Mr. Hughes (L.).

Commander Peary, of the United States Navy, read a paper on the 10th before the Royal Geographical Society on "North Polar Exploration 1898-1902."

Queen's Birthday.—The King's birthday was loyally celebrated on the 9th. Honours are bestowed on the Queen's Servants. Colonel J. E. Bingham and Mr. Lees Knowles, M.P., Knighthood is conferred on 17 gentlemen, among whom are Mr. Bowen, M.P., Professor C. Le Neve Foster, Mr. Augustus Manns, and Mr. Lionel Cowell, Queen has become the first Governor of St. Bartholomew's Hospital.—Princess Alice of Albany to Prince Alexander of Teck, brother of the Princess of Wales is announced. The King and Queen are expected to be present at the festival of the foundation-stone of the new Liverpool Cathedral next spring.

Education.—Dr. Horton, replying to the Archbishop of Canterbury's suggestion of conference on the question, states that the Free Church Council would only enter into such a conference if it started from the two fundamental positions that all schools maintained by public money must be absolutely under public control and that in all such schools all teachers must be appointed by the public authority without reference to denominational distinctions.

Fiscal Policy.—Sir M. Hicks Beach, addressing a meeting of business men at Manchester on the 5th under the auspices of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce, said that our increased welfare was largely due to the steam electricity and developments of all kinds; but free imports gave free play to these forces and the growth of imports taken generally was a sign of our increasing wealth. He claimed to be a wider Imperialist than Mr. Chamberlain.—Lord Goschen, addressing the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce on the 6th denied that if we did not accept Mr. Chamberlain's proposals the Colonies were likely to slip away from us. He argued that a 2s. duty on corn would not lead to an expansion of corn-growing in the Colonies but would increase the cost of living.—Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman spoke that night at Maigie and Earl Percy at South Kensington.—Lord Rosebery speaking on the 7th at Leicester, said we were asked to risk our food, our wages, our return to the starvation conditions of protection, all on Mr. Chamberlain's personal pledge; and Mr. Chamberlain's scheme for strengthening the ties with the Colonies would lead to an exactly reverse result.—Lord Balfour of Burleigh addressed a Unionist free trade meeting in Glasgow on the 9th, and Mr. Asquith spoke at Worcester that night.—Mr. Winston Churchill, M. P., and Lord Hugh Cecil, M.P., spoke at a meeting in Birmingham on the 11th under the auspices of the Free Trade Union. Mr. Chamberlain says he thinks India would greatly gain by a preferential arrangement but her wishes ought to be ascertained first.

Ireland.—Mr. W. O'Brien says he will resign his seat for Cork on account of the opposition of the "Freeman's Journal" to the policy of the National Directory in regard to the Land Act.

Law.—Mr. Justice Darling has been hearing an action brought by a private detective against Major Arthur Griffiths and Messrs. Cassell for an alleged libel in a book entitled "Mysteries of Police and Crime." The Lord Chief Justice is hearing a libel action brought by Dr. W. M. Bayliss Assistant Professor of Physiology at University College against Mr. Stephen Coleridge, hon. secretary of the Anti-Vivisection Society.—At the inquest on Miss Hickman, last week the Home Office analyst stated that he had found traces of morphia in the intestines, and was of opinion that a large quantity of morphine salts had been administered.—The man who murdered the two Armenians at Peckham last week and then committed suicide has been identified as an Armenian named Dikran.

Lord Roberts unveiled a statue of the late Prince Christian Victor at Windsor on the 6th.

Lord Mayor's day was celebrated on the 9th in London by the usual procession, which included some ten Volunteer detachments, but no emblematic display. At the Guildhall banquet in the evening, Mr. Balfour, acknowledging the toast of His Majesty's Ministers, said that in the Far, as in the Near, East there were problems furnishing food for thought but there was no more passionate advocate of peace than the Emperor of Russia, and our Japanese allies were as certain to show moderation, discretion and judgment as firmness in supporting their demands. The question of Macedonia which was far more difficult, was ultimately to be dealt with by the concert of Europe through the joint action of Austria and Russia. As for the difference between Canada and the United States whatever the balance of gain or loss might be it was as nothing compared with the advantage of the dispute being settled for ever. The United States Ambassador, the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Chief Justice and the Solicitor-General also spoke.

Malaria.—Major Ross, Professor of Tropical Medicine at Liverpool University, read a paper on the 10th before the Royal Colonial Institute on malaria.

Mr. S. F. Cody, the inventor of the war kite, crossed the Channel from Calais to Dover on Friday night in his collapsible kite-boat.

Municipal.—Of the 28 London Mayors, 13 are Conservatives and 13 Liberals. Of 319 provincial mayors 149 are Conservatives, 21 Liberal Unionists and 143 Liberals.

National Art Collections Fund.—A society has been founded to secure works of art for our national collections.

Naval and Military.—Lord Esher, Admiral Sir J. Fisher and Colonel Sir G. S. Clarke, Governor of Victoria, have been appointed as a committee to offer advice as to the creation of a board for the administrative business of the War Office.—The Amethyst, third-class cruiser, was launched on the 5th; the t.b.d. Teviot and the Admiralty yacht Enchantress were launched on the 7th.

The Dervis Mission.—The wife and son of Mr. J. A. Dowie have arrived in England, and on Sunday conducted services at Caxton-hall, London.

The marriage of Mr. John Walter, elder son of Mr. Walter, of Bear Wood, with Miss Phyllis Foster, youngest daughter of Colonel C. E. Foster, of Bucky-hall, Rugby, was celebrated on the 7th, at St. Margaret's Westminster.

Trade Returns.—Our imports last month are valued at £47,758,188, an increase of 1·9 per cent. and exports of home produce at £28,861,180, an increase of 2·2 per cent.

Weather.—Scarcely any rain fell in England last week, but fogs were very prevalent, with occasional night frosts on the grass. In the Midlands and further north the fog impeded traffic and caused several collisions on railways and rivers.

THE EMPIRE.

Aden.—Eight of the Hampshires and one sepoy have been wounded in an engagement with the Kutabi tribe in the Hinterland.

Australia.—The Prince of Wales has accepted the colonelcy-in-chief of 18 regiments of Australian light horse.—The English cricket team opened the first match of their tour on Saturday against South Australia, at Adelaide. On Monday they declared when they had scored 483 for eight wickets. On Tuesday the South Australians completed their first inning for 172. Following on they had obtained 249 for seven wickets when the game was drawn on Wednesday.

Canada.—A Police post has been established at the mouth of the Mackenzie River to stop depredations by American whalers.

New Zealand.—The Bill granting £40000 a year towards the cost of the Australasian squadron has been passed unanimously in the House of Representatives.—A committee of the House has reported against the establishment of meat shops in England.

The Seychelles were proclaimed a separate colony on Monday.

THE UNITED STATES.

Congress.—The President on Tuesday addressed to Congress, in special session, a Message urging legislation to carry out the reciprocity treaty with Cuba.

The Duke of Roxburghe was married to Miss May Goelet on the 10th in New York.

FOREIGN.

Austria-Hungary.—Count Tisza, the new Hungarian Premier, laid his programme on the 6th before the Chamber, and it was, on the whole, well received.—The Czech party in the Austrian Reichsrath has issued an ambitious programme of national requirements.

Colombia.—The Colombian troops abandoned Colon on the 5th. The Panama revolutionists hold both ports, and the United States forces are keeping order along the railway. The new Government has been recognized by the United States.

Germany.—The Emperor William underwent, on the 7th, a successful operation for a polypus on the vocal cord. The polypus is described by Professor Orth as entirely benign.—The Imperial General Staff has published some interesting criticisms on the battles of Colenso and Magersfontein.—The Tsar and Tsaritsa left Darmstadt for St. Petersburg on the 7th.

Russia.—Three prominent exiles attempted to present to the Tsar in Germany a petition setting forth the destructive proceeding of his subordinates in Finland.

The Far East.—The Russian Minister at Peking has demanded that a Russian Resident shall be appointed at Mukden to advise the Tartar General. Japan has notified the Chinese Government that she will never consent to any compromise with Russia impairing Chinese sovereignty in Manchuria unless, indeed, China herself agreed to the Russian demands.—The Japanese Premier, reply to a deputation from the Anti-Russian League, described the situation as most critical.—A Russian telegram says in regard to the reoccupation of Mukden that 400 men have been ordered there solely for the purpose of restoring order.

Turkey.—The Turkish Note, of which we publish a summary, is regarded in Constantinople as a rejection of the latest reform scheme. The Austrian and Russian Ambassadors on Tuesday made energetic representations to the Porte with regard to the acceptance of the scheme.—Our Special Correspondent reports from Monastir that the search for arms continues accompanied often by extreme severity.—Our Sofia Correspondent states that the distress throughout the villages of Monastir is even more severe than is generally supposed.—The Sultan is about to issue a general amnesty.

Obituary.—Lord Rowton: Mr. George Brodrick, late Warden of Merton; Sir Charles Nicholson; Judge Webb; Lord W. A. C. Bentinck; Sir John Robinson.—"Times."

Fluorine.—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Fluorine sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar stops decay, gives to teeth the a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from defective teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant Fluorine is composed in parts of Honey and Sweet Herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

FRANCE AND THE PERSIAN GULF.

M. Henri Lorin publishes in the "Depeche Coloniale" an interesting and suggestive article on Lord Curzon's approaching visit to the Persian Gulf, in the course of which he indicates a possible basis for joint action in those regions by England, Russia, and France. He begins by observing that Lord Curzon's tour will be entirely political and that the Viceroy's object is to show what he proposes to make of India as a point d'appui for British action throughout an entire continent. After a survey of the complicated situation in the Persian Gulf, M. Lorin sets forth certain grievances of this country against the British authorities and the Sultan of Muscat, who are alleged to have harassed and finally to have illegally prevented the navigation of small Arab coasting vessels under French protection. He holds that France has clear rights in those waters under the Anglo-French Convention of 1862, and regards the present friendly feeling of the English people towards this country as a guarantee that this irritating question—as well as most of the others still outstanding between the two peoples—can be shortly disposed of in a business-like fashion. I may parenthetically observe that there is reason to believe that France does not attach exaggerated importance to her interests in that part of the East.

M. Lorin declares that what the English are seeking in the Persian Gulf is not territorial "annexation," but protective outposts on a future route to India. That is the motive of their advance towards Persia and of their opposition to Russian influence in that country. The imminence of an encounter in Asia, between the "whale and the elephant" has frequently been announced, but M. Lorin is hardly disposed to credit it, as Russia is in his opinion, too well established on the route to India for England to engage in an unequal conflict with her rival. The moment is, perhaps, not remote when she will consent to discuss the question of the balance of power (a prier d equilibre). When that moment arrives our rights in connection with the Arab coasting vessels will acquire their full value, it is therefore our duty not to let them lapse. We should also, in our turn, organize regular tours of police and inspection in the Persian Gulf through our naval division in the Indian Ocean.

M. Lorin then points out that England and Russia have reason to be thankful to the French Government for their recent refusal to sanction the investment of French capital in the Baghdad railway scheme. Russia was opposed to that project which would, at the same time, fortify the Ottoman regime in Asia Minor and increase German influence by facilitating the concentration of Turkish troops near the Transcaucasian frontier and the establishment of German agricultural colonies on the site of ancient Assyria. As England is equally interested in preventing the abandonment to a rival Power of that continental route to India there is in M. Lorin's opinion, the basis of a possible accord, and not the only one—between Russian and British interests. He calls attention to what he describes as the noteworthy coincidence that the decision of the French Government was made known during Count Lamsdorff's visit to paris.

In conclusion, M. Lorin asks in what way England and Russia could manifest their recognition of the good offices of France. England, he says, might adopt a more just policy towards the Arab vessels under French protection and a less hostile attitude in connection with the Sultan of Muscat. Furthermore, both England and Russia might unite their efforts with those of France in order to obtain the sanction of the Sultan for a prolongation of the french Beirut Damascus railway to the Persian Gulf, a line which M. Lorin contends would be more economical than the old German project.

INDIA AND PREFERENTIAL TARIFFS.

(Concluded from page 4)

But let us look into his assumptions a little more closely. He assumes, firstly, that all tea is the same. But, a matter of fact, tea is a substance whose price varies from 1s. to 4s. or more a pound, according to its peculiar quality. China tea in itself has a very distinct quality from Indian tea. There is no more economic necessity for the 263,600,000 lb. of Indian tea to be sold at the same price as the China tea than there is for our New Zealand mutton to be sold at the same price as Southdown.

Again, he assumes that our imports from India could not be increased by one-tenth for several years. Let him produce a single tea-planter who would not offer to send 15 or 20 per cent. more at the next harvest if he were guaranteed a sale for it at price a very little, if at all, above the present price (not counting the duty, of course).

The fact is, sir, that none of these good gentlemen who work out these questions by simple arithmetic have any idea of the conditions that really rule production and prices in the industrial world.—I am, sir, yours faithfully,

INDIAN BORN.

Nov. 10.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE TIMES."

SIR,—I assumed in my letter to you, criticised by "Indian Born," that it would take two or three years before India and Ceylon could fill up the void now supplied by Chinese teas.

"Indian Born" implied that this extra production would be forthcoming by next harvest.

He futher asks me if I maintain that the exclusion of foreign tea would send up the price of Indian tea to any figure the planter chooses to ask. In my letter to you I stated that when Indian production equalled our demand the cost to us would probably be the cost of production plus 1 1-2 duty.

One object of my letter was to show that having regard to the growth of our tea production in India and Ceylon any preferential treatment would operate for a very short time and that natural causes under Free Trade were rapidly giving India and Ceylon the command of our market. A year or two more or less in the growth of an industry is not very important.

I did not state that Indian tea fetches the same price as Chinese tea. I only pointed out that in a commodity the average price of which is about 7.2d. per pound a preference of 4 1-2d. is enormous. I find that the price of Bengal tea in 1902 is returned in the Annual Statement at about 7.3d per pound and China tea was worth about 6·8d. per pound.

My point is that a preference to indian tea would only operate for a very short time, and that while it operates, it must, by keeping up the price of tea to the consumer, deprive him of the countervailing advantage offered by Mr. Chamberlain as a compensation for his taxes on corn meat and dairy produce. "Indian Born" seems to think that barely for one year would the Indian tea-planter reap any benefit. If so where is the boon offered to India?

We cannot of any tax say in the same breath that it will help our Colonies and dependencies by increasing the price they will get and yet assure our cousumers that the tax will not keep up or raise the price of the commodity so taxed preferentially.

Your obdient servant,

LYULPH STANLEY.

Nov. 11.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, NOVEMBER 27.

Friday.—The barometer has risen briskly on the northwest frontier, fallen briskly in further Kashmir, and has changed by small amounts elsewhere. The depression in the bay has advanced westwards and is this morning lying off the Coromandel coast, but the disturbance is of only feeble intensity and though it has given showers at coast stations and in the adjacent districts of South India and the South Deccan, Nellore ii the only station where heavy rain has been received. The rain fall recorded at Nellore was 10 inches, Trichinopoly 2 inches, Madras one inch, and Cuddappah half an inch. The fall of the barometer in Kashmir has been accompanied with an increase of cloud in that region. Skies are also cloudy in North-East India and moderate to thick cloud is reported from the East and South Peninsula. The depression in the bay will, probably not move far during the next 24 hours and showers are likely in the South Peninsula, but heavy rain is improbable. The conditions are very slightly unsettled in Bengal and Assam where a few local showers may possibly occure. The weather will be fine elsewhere.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M., ON FRIDAY THE 27TH NOVEMBER.

SUMMARY.

Pressure.—With the exception of a brisk rise at Karaobi and Jacobabad and a brisk fall at Belgaum pressure changes have been small and irregular. Barometer is below normal over the whole area.

Light variable winds prevail everywhere except at Dwarka where fresh easterly wind is blowing.

The maximum temperature is from 5° to 8° in defect of normal at Madras, Trichinopoly and Cuddapah while the minimum is from 5° to 7° in excess at Labore, Raipur, Ratnagiri, Secunderabad and Bellary. The maximum varied from 91° at Deesa and Surat to 76° at Madras and the minimum from 45° at Jacobabad to 74° at Cochin.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is more or less cloudy in the south. Humidity changes are unimportant.

Rain.—Nearly two inches of rain has fallen at Trichinopoly (1·87), over an inch at Madras (1·26), and light to moderate showers at Negapatam, Colombo, Cuddapah, Beliary and Bangalore.

Weather.—The depression in the Bay appears to be filling up, but the weather to the south of the Latitude of Bombay still remains more or less cloudy, and showers are probable. The Simla report of the 23rd November states that the sun's chromosphere is greatly disturbed. There is a conspicuous group of bign prominences on the south-east limb of the sun exending over 10° Only one very small spot is visible.

E. A. KENYON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty, and luxury, use the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, is "pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Baltmore, Lady White, Viscountess Ebrmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill, and many others, delicately perfumed. Warning.—When buying the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," see that name and "figure head of a "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

THE SLEEPING SICKNESS IN UGANDA.

Lieutenant-Colonel David Bruce, R.A.M.C., F.R.S., returned to England from Uganda on September 28, and has brought with him a report containing some very important observations on the etiology of sleeping sickness. Some conception of the ravages wrought by this disease among the native population in Uganda may be formed from the condition of the Buvuma Island, where a population of 22,000 has been reduced to 8,000 since the outbreak of the disease, while Ide province of Busoga has been in the southern parts almost depopulated.

Colonel Bruce was despatched by his Majesty's Government acting on the advice of the Royal Society, to superintend a further investigation into this disease, upon which some work had already been done by the previous commission sent out by the Royal Society. He was accompanied by Dr. Nabarro as bacteriologist, and, while in Uganda, was joined by Captain Grieg, I.M.S., who had been sent out by the Indian Government for the purpose of studying the disease.

Colonel Bruce and his party reached Entebbe on March 16, and on arrival, found that Dr. Castellani, a member of the previous commission who had remained at work upon the investigation, had observed in five cases of sleeping sickness trypanosomes in the cerebro-spinal fluid, and, in one case, in the blood. At that time Dr. Castellani did not consider that this parasite had any causal relationship to the disease though its presence was accidental concommitant. Nevertheless, the observation was of the greatest importance to the further investigations; and, as soon as it was reported to Colonel Bruce, whose well-known investigations into the tsetse fly disease in South Africa had given him a special familiarity with this genus of parasite, the whole party, with the most valuable and willing assistance of Dr. Moffat, the principal medical officer and his assistant medical officer addressed themselves with great energy to the quest; of this line of investigation; with the result that by the first week in April the date of Dr. Castellani's departure from Uganda for England out of 34 cases of the sickness examined 70 per cent. were found to have this parasite in the cerebro-spinal fluid, whereas control cases of patients under treatment for other diseases in the native hospital, when examined in the same way, showed no trypanosomes in the cerebro-spinal fluid. The further progress of the investigation increased this proportion to 100, per cent. for the cases examined, in all of which the parasite was now found not only in the cerebro-spinal fluid, but also in the circulating blood; pointing to the very strong probability (as telegraphed to the Royal Society by Colonel Bruce at the beginning of April) that the trypanosoma was the cause of the disease. A series of carefully controlled and minutely observed experiments was carried out by Bruce, Nabarro, and Grieg, in the course of which it was discovered that monkeys inoculated with cerebro-spinal fluid from sleeping sickness patients, or with blood from natives not as yet showing symptoms of sleeping sickness, but containing a similar parasite, sickened and died with all the symptoms of sleeping sickness.

From the analogy of the closely related disease in cattle, the nagana or tsetse fly disease of South Africa, it was suspected that in sleeping sickness a like method of infection took place. Along the lake-shore numbers of a tsetse fly (Glossina palpalis) were found, and it was ascertained by experiments that not only were these flies fed on sleeping sickness cases capable of conveying the disease to healthy monkeys, but that the freshly caught flies from an infected area, without any artificial feeding were also capable of conveying the disease.

It was further discovered by a carefully-organized investigation, in which the native Regents of the Protectorate rendered valuable assistance, that this fly, like its congener the tsetse fly of South Africa is confined to well-defined areas and that these areas correspond absolutely with the distribution of sleeping sickness; whereas, in regions where no Glossina palpalis is found although other biting flies abound there is no sleeping sickness. Moreover an examination of a large number of individuals in the sleeping sickness areas and the non-sleeping sickness areas respectively revealed the fact that, while a large percentage of the inhabitants of the sleeping sickness areas have in their blood the trypanosoma already referred to, in not a single case taken from inhabitants of non-sleeping sickness areas was this parasite found.

These investigations, therefore, point to the conclusion that sleeping sickness is caused by the entrance into the blood, and thence into the cerebro-spinal fluid, of a species of trypanosoma (probably the Trypanosoma Gambiense discovered by Forde and described by Dutton), which is transmitted from the sick to the healthy by a species of tsetse fly (Glossina palpalis) and by it alone; that in a short sleeping sickness is a human tsetse fly disease.

INDIANS IN NATAL.

The Durban correspondent of the "Standard" writing on Oct. 17, says:—In connection with the controversy on the subject of Chinese immigration, it may be interesting to note how Asiatic immigration has worked in Natal. Here the Asiatics in question are of course, Indians, and no Chinese and many persons are of the opinion that the latter would be worse than the former. The annual Report of the Protector of Indian Immigrants just issued affords some interesting details. From this it appears that in a quarter of a century the Indian population of Natal has increased from 17,862 to 78,000 being now 4,000 in excess of the estimated European population. Last year the number of indentured Indians imported from India was 5,492 which fell short of the number requisition for by about 12,000. This year the effect of the Act passed in 1895 comes fully into operation. That act provided that on the termination of indentures—usually for five years—the Indian labourers must either return to India reindenture for a further period or pay an annual license of 3d. per head. This Act was passed with the object of checking the growth of the Indian population in Natal; but it was predicted at the time that it would prove ineffectual, and so the result has shown. During last year 4,006 indentures expired. Of the holders of these, only 44, or 11 per cent., returned to India and 939 reindentured while by far the largest proportion, 2,006 paid the license fee the remainder being unaccounted for. So far then as its effect on the Indian population is concerned, the Act must be written down a failure. The Indian when he comes to this colony generally comes to stay and as he is usually of the lowest class there is good reason for the anxiety with which the growth of the element is regarded and for the desire that the termination of indentures in India should be made compulsory. The free Indian—so called to distinguish him from the indentured Indian—is no addition to the labour resources of the colony. The Protector in his report states that owing to the high rate of wages charged it is all but impossible to obtain such men for domestic service. What the free Indian does as a rule, is to acquire land somewhere in the coast district, and settle down. The President of an influential Coast Agricultural Association, himself a planter, recently warned the colony in a public speech that large areas of lands formerly devoted to sugar-growing were passing into the hands of Indians who put them to other uses. Thus, the planting industry is threatened with extinction by the very class originally imported in order to maintain it—a strange stroke of irony. In the towns the Indian trader, who is able to live at a far lower standard than the European, offers severe competition to European merchants and altogether the conclusion to be arrived at is the colony has had quite enough of Asiatics. If they are necessary as labourers it is no injustice to require that after compleling their contract they should return to their own country.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. yesterday give thefollowing results:—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade		0	1
B Mahdvi, Chikla, Gomtikhadi and Dongri	1	1	13
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	0	2	23
D Khetwadi, Girgaum Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	1	1	8
E Mazagon, Tarwady, Naspada, Kamathipura, Parbee, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	2	2	16
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	7
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	9
Water Division	0	0	1
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	9
Hospitals	0	2	10
Total	5	8	83
Total plague deaths to date	263,638	215,679	
Same date last year	14	14	102

INOCULATION.

The statement of Plague Prophylactic issued from the Plague Research Laboratory, Bombay, on the 26th instant, was as under:—Narsinghpur, 605 doses and Lucknow 500 doses.

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER

Hunyadi János

FOR

LIVER COMPLAINTS, OBESITY, &c.

"A Specific for Obesity."—*The Vienna Medical Press.*

Average dose:—a wineglassful before breakfast, either pure or diluted with a similar quantity of hot or cold water.

NOTES FROM "LONDON GAZETTE."

WAR OFFICE, NOV. 10,

2nd Dragoon Guards—Lieut H B N S Burton resigns his commission.

5th Dragoon Guards—Major A R Heneage, D S O, retires on retired pay.

6th Dragoon Guards—Second Lieut G H Saunders is seconded for service in the Army Service Corps; Supernumerary Second Lieut F G R Cooper to be second lieutenant to complete establishment. 17th Lancers—Lieut D S Matthews to be captain vice the Hon W R Wyndham resigned.

THE IMPERIAL YEOMANRY (IN SOUTH AFRICA).

Unattached—Capt J R Mitchell relinquishes his commission.

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY

Royal Horse and Royal Field Art.—Supernumerary Lieut. L C P Millman to be lieutenant, vice G H Smith resigned.

Royal Garrison Art.—Lieut.-Col A H P Turner, from chief Inspector Army Ordnance Dept, to be lieutenant-colonel vice F A Curtois appointed to the Staff.

FOOT GUARDS

Grenadier Guards.—The promotion to the rank of lieutenant of Second Lieut. J O Dannistoun M V O is antedated to Aug. 25 1903 vice the Hon. L P Cary (Master of Falkland) seconded; Second Lieut. E M Colston to be lieutenant vice A H Travers resigned

Coldstream Guards—Lieut. O J C Grant adjutant, to be captain to complete establishment.

REGIMENTAL DISTRICT

Lieut.-Col and Brevet Col. J Breeves C B from half-pay to be colonel, to command the 17th Regimental District (the Leicestershire Regt.), vice Col. A W McKinstry appointed commandant the Duke of York's Royal Military School.

LINE BATTALIONS.

The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regt.)—Lieut O F Watson, D S O, to be Captain, vice Brevet Major H R Bottomley, seconded.

The King's (Liverpool Regt)—Lieut O L Harford to be adjutant, vice Capt H C Potter who has vacated that appointment.

The Norfolk Regt—The promotion to the rank of lieutenant of Second Lieut H L Willett is antedated to June 12, 1903 vice W H Anderson transferred to the Indian Army.

Alexandra Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regt)—Second Lieut C E Mass-Blundell resigns his commission.

The Royal Scots Fusiliers—Capt and Brevet Major H M Trennhard is seconded for service under the Colonial Office.

The Gloucestershire Regt—Capt J G H Whylock retires on retired pay; Lieut D Burges to be captain vice J G H Whylock.

The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regt)—Capt. C E Stayner is seconded for service in the Army Pay Dept; Qrmr and Honorary Major J T Seaman is placed on retired pay; Qrmr-Sergt A J Carroll to be quartermaster with the honorary rank of lieutenant, vice Honorary Major J T Seaman.

The Royal Sussex Regt—Capt H Jellicorse to be major vice F St D Skinner promoted.

The Prince of Wales's Volunteer's (South Lancashire Regt)—Lieut C R F Wieser is placed on temporary half-pay on account of ill-health.

The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders)—Second Lieut. J. Mackenzie, V. C, to be lieutenant vice E. C. A. Stewart resigned.

The Oxfordshire Light Inf.—Capt J D W Davy to be major vice P T Clarck promoted.

The Northamptonshire Regt—Capt P C B Skinner is seconded for service with Mounted Inf in South Africa.

Princess Charlotte of Wale's (Royal Barkshire Regt)—The promotion to the rank of captain of Lieut A G Macdonald is antedated to March 14,1903 vice G E Birch seconded for service under the Colonial Office. The restoration to the establishment of Sup-raumerary Lieut L Marton is antedated to April 29 1903 vice F H Moore seconded; Lieut D A McDonnell resigns his commission.

The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regt)—The promotion to the rank of lieutenant of Second Lieut. H Goodwin is antedated to April 7 1903 to complete establishments. The undermentioned second lieutenants to be lieutenants:—H E Large vice T B H Thorne placed on temporary half-pay on account of ill-health; J C Pullips vice E A Trafford seconded; V N Pearson vice J C Philips seconded for service with the Indian Army.

The Duke of Edenburgh's (Wiltshire)Regt.)—The promotion to the rank of lieutenant of the undermentioned second lieutenants is antedated as follows:—A E F Alarlis to June 11, 1903; S R G Kendall transferred to the Indian Army P S Rowan to June 13, 1903 vice C D V Cary-Barnard, seconded; C V Champion de Crespigny to July 4 1903 vice H C A Barkley, resigned, F L S Brett to July 18, July 18, 1903 vice E S Kimber resigned.

The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders—Second Lieut J E Robertson resigns his commission.

THE ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

Lieut and Temporary Capt W E T Christie from Royal Marines, is transferred; as a capt; Second Lieut C H Saunders 6th Dragoon Guards, is transferred on probation.

ARMY MEDICAL STAFF.

Col W L Gubbins M B, M V O Royal Army Medical Corps to be surgeon general vice Sir W D Wilson, M B K C and G retained on the Active List as a supernumerary to the establishment.

STAFF.

Major C M Ryan the Army Service Corps to be assistant director of Supplies Woolch Dockyard vice Major and Brevet Lieut Col T D Foster M V O the Army Service Corps who has vacated the appointment of deputy-assist adjutant-general Woolwich Dockyard; Capt S E Holloud, the Rifle Brigade (the Prince Consort's Own) from extra aide-de-camp to be aide-de camp to Field Marshal his Royal Highness A W P A Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K G K T K P G C B G C S I G C M G G C I E G C V O personal aide-de camp to the King commanding the Forces in Ireland Third Army Corps vice Major E F Clayton late Scots Guards who has resigned that appointment. The undermentioned temporary appointments are made to the Staff in South Africa:—Major C S Dod seon the Army Servce Corps to be assistant director of transport vice Major A Long the Army Service Corps who has vacated that appointment; Capt C E Higginbotham the Northamptonshire Regiment to be a deputy-assistant adjutant-general vice Major and Brevet Lieut-Col F J De Gex the Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regt) appointed deputy-assistant quartermster-general Third Division First Army Corps.

ARMY CHAPLAINS DEPARTMENT.

The Rev A Mallin M A a chaplain to the Forces first class retires on retired pay; the Rev W Le Grave D S O chaplain to the Forces, first class, retires on retired pay.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA'S IMPERIAL MILITARY NURSING SERVICE.

The undermentioned ladies to be—Sisters Miss F M Hodgies (provisionally) I Miss E H Hordley (provisionally) Staff Nurse Miss A L Walker.

ARMY ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

Commy of Ordnance and Honorary Capt. H G Andrews is seconded for service as assistant to the Chief Inspector of General Stores vice Honorary Major F Tims retired; Inspector of Ordnance Machinery Second Class and Honorary Capt F A W Brown retires on retired pay.

ARMY PAY DEPARTMENT

The undermentioned officers to be paymasters:—Capt H W M Down North Staffordshire Regt; Capt F T O Hill Middlesex Regt.

ARMY VETERINARY DEPARTMENT

The undermentioned lieutenants to be captains:—A C Wilson W S Anthony H M Lenox-Conyngham F H Shore W A Pallin P J Harris W A Wood D Bolton R O Moore A B McGowan E B Barriett R O Cochrane (on Seconded List) J B Southey A G Todd H M Durrant G. Conder A J Williams J J Griffith.

BREVET.

The undermentioned lieutenant-colonels to be colonels—G T Jones, R E H R Kelham, C B, half-pay T H J. Woodrow, Royal Garrison Art.

MEMORANDUM.

Capt F L Williams, half-pay, retires from the Service, receiving a gratuity, with permission to retain his rank and to wear the prescribed uniform

RESERVE OF OFFICERS.

Capt W Vincent resigns his commisson; Lieut (Honrary capt) J M Fromantie resigns his commission. Reward for services durfog operation in South Africa—Capt E B Bartley to be Major.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS, BY MAJOR T. W. CUFFE,

COMMANDING 80. LT. HORSE.

Bombay, 28th November.

The following parades take place next Tuesday the 1st December, 1903:—

Riding School Marine Lines Station at 7 a.m.

Dress—Drill order with arms.

The Salsette Detachment will parade at 7 a.m., at the White House, Malon Ground, Santa Cruz.

Dress—Drill order with arms.

The Santa Cruz Range is reserved to-day (Saturday) the 28th instant at 4 p.m., for Competition for the Muskerry Challenge Cup, also for practice.

Dress.—Plain Clothes.

Class Firing commences next month.

By Order,
F. A. HEDDE, Lieut.,
Acting Adjutant, B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS, BY LIEUT.-COL. LOUIS F. RUSSELL, COMMANDING By V. A.

Bombay, 28th November.

1. Nos. 1 and 2 Companies will parade at Mahaluxmi Fort, at 4·30 p.m., to-day (Saturday) the 28th instant, for 10" R M Land G". B L Gun drill.

Dress—Khaki, Patties and Field Service caps to be worn.

By Order,
A. F. E. STIFFE, Capt. R. A.,
Adjutant B. V. A.

NOTICE.

A conversazione will be held at the Nesbit Lane Head Quarters on Friday the 4th proximo. Dancing to commence at 9 P.M. Tickets may be had from the Secretary (Corpl T Brooks, Mount Estate, Masagon) and at the Corps Club. Tickets to admit member and two ladies, Re. 1.

Do do Non-Members and ladies, Re. 1 each

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"The Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap is pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the skin," writes Lady Constance Howard. Countess of Westmeath says: "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial luxury for the toilet, bath and nursery, and leaves the skin in a pure refreshed, and healthy condition, Delicately perfumed. All Chemists, Stores etc., sell it.

Colds often hang on. You try this thing and that thing, every kind of home remedy and cheap cough mixtures, and yet your cold continues to hang on.

You must not deal lightly with these old colds. You must get rid of them just as soon as possible. You must take something to break their hold.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

soothes irritable throats; heals inflamed bronchial tubes, and quiets congestion in the lungs. This is why it so quickly controls these old coughs and prevents pneumonia and consumption.

"I was troubled with a very hard cough which I could not get rid of. When I read of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral I sent to Johannesburg and procured a bottle. It completely cured me, and I have many comrades here who have had hard coughs cured in the same way."
—Wm. Sessions, Company C, Second Royal Berks. Reg., Nel's Spruit, Transvaal, S. Africa.

There are many substitutes and imitations. Beware of them! Be sure you get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Two sizes. Large and small bottles.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

Wholesale Agents:—KEMP & Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY.

NERVES WRONG?

There are many remedies and fewfaures for the loss of vital nerve and muscular strength, for those weaknesses which rob the physical body of its strength, but there is one grand and never failing remedy, when it is applied right. That is ELECTRICITY. It will cure in every case when given to the body in the right way. We are daily curing weak, unhappy, broken down people by the application of

THE ELECTROVRIL CO.'S

VITALIZER.

It pours glowing, exhilarating vitality into you while you sleep. It rejuvenates, animates sluggish circulation, stimulates the br

GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 13.

COUNT OR COUNTERFEIT?

THE sensational trial in Berlin to test the validity of the claim of Count and Countess Kwilecka to be the parents of their reputed son and heir recalls memories of many such cases tried in this country. That which it most extraordinarily resembles was heard nearly three half centuries ago, but is still almost a household phrase, although, from the complexity of the details, little is now known of the real circumstances. It is to the Great Douglas Cause to which one refers. Often enough a dynasty has been changed, and the maps of important territories altered with less excitement than was aroused over this trial as to whom should go the title and estates of the great house of Douglas. The issue divided public sympathy quite as sharply in this country as causes involving civil war. Boswell was startled out of his habitual servility to roundly denounce Dr Johnson as ignorant of the cause upon which he carelessly expressed an opinion. And, further, it is on record that when the Court of Session delivered a verdict adverse to the heir, Boswell headed an attack upon the houses of the judges, and was particularly assiduous in smashing the windows of his own father, Lord Auchinleck, who had been a party to the finding.

THE STORY OF A FEUD.

When James Earl of Angus fell at the battle of Stainkirk, the possessions of the second Marquess of Douglas vested in Archibald, Duke of Douglas, his son, who had a sister, the Lady Jane Douglas. The latter was left unprovided for except in so far as her brother looked to her comforts. A match between herself and the Earl of Dalkeith, afterwards Duke of Buccleuch, being broken off, she remained under the shelter of her brother until 1746, when, being at the time forty-eight years old, she secretly married John Stewart of Grantully. The bridgroom had no means, and the Duke, hearing of the marriage, cut off his sister's £300 allowance. The pair went to Paris immediately following their marriage, and did not return to England until the end of 1749. With them they brought twin-boys to whom, it was said, Lady Stewart had given birth in Paris in July, 1748, at which time, of course, she would be only a few months short of fifty years of age.

THE SORROW OF AN HEIRESS.

They were in the direst poverty. Stewart was seized by his creditors and thrown into prison, and Lady Jane was compelled to petition the King for assistance. She seems to have been granted a pension of £300, but the supply was unequal to the demand. Her husband remained a prisoner, and eventually the poor lady, heiress-presumptive to a great fortune, died practically of starvation in a garret in Edinburgh. By this time one of the children was dead. The survivor, Archibald Stewart, now heir-presumptive to the Douglas title and estates, was succoured by a relative, and his father eventually succeeding his brother in the Grantully estates, was enabled to make adequate provision for him. Before his death Stewart made a sworn declaration that the boy was the legitimate son and heir of himself and Lady Jane, the Duke of Douglas's sister. But the old Duke, a veritable Pharaoh, hardened his heart yet more against the boy, and in his old age took unto himself a wife. Contrary to expectation this lady enthusiastically espoused the cause of the orphan boy, and the Duke for a time drove her from his house.

HISTORY AND MYSTERY.

In the end, the hardened sinner relented declared the young Sir Archibald Douglas alias Stewart his heir and made provision for his education. The Duke of Hamilton's brother, Lord Douglas Hamilton challenged the will, and sent a commission to Paris to investigate the story of the phenomenal birth. This commission reported that Lady Jane never had had any children; that at the time of the supposititious birth, she was an inmate of a Paris hotel; that she had at one time only one child with her; that that was stolen from his parents in Mignon, and the other kidnapped from his home near by. The children were acquired, it was alleged, by Sir John Stewart and his lady, and carried immediately to London. Against this was the evidence called for the youth. It was declared by two witnesses upon their death beds that the children were the offspring of Lady Douglas. One of the witnesses described the mother's condition prior to the event, and was present at the birth. The doctor who attended the lady gave his testimony as unfalteringly.

THE ORPHAN'S TRIUMPH.

There never was a more mysterious trial. All Europe was excited over the cause, according to the evidence of contemporary writers. The Court of Session, with a bench of fifteen judges, took eight days to deliver its judgment, and the decision was against the defendant. The case was taken to the House of Lords, where the verdict of the Scottish tribunal was reversed. The courier who carried the tidings down to Scotland was drawn in triumph to his lodgings, and the whole country made holiday over the event. The rightful heir does not appear to have been a specially grateful young person, for Boswell laments his heartlessness in allowing Holyrood House, in which his mother's body lay, to go roofless and in ruins. Sir, sir, don't be too hard upon the gentleman, don't accuse him of want of filial pietya Lady Jane Douglas was not his mother, said Dr. Johnson. And then followed the one and only rebellion of his Idus Achates.

THE ARCH-ENEMY.

There is still one terrible disease which has up till now baffled the scientific and medical men of the world, and that is cancer. God grant that before long you may be able to find a cure for it, or check its course! I think that to him who makes the discovery a statue should be erected in all the capitals of the world. Thus King Edward to the Tuberculosis Conference. Is it upon Dr. Otto Schmidt of Cologne that the world is to confer this guerdon of universal honour? His plan of campaign against cancer which has been unfolded to us in London this week will, if successful, entitle him to such an apotheosis. For he flies in the face of expert pronouncement, which has it that inoculation is only in the nature of an experiment and rather the weapon of the empiric.

SANITATION A CURE?

It is possible that this awful scourge may be the means of teaching mankind a lesson. We are going to rid the tropics of malaria. The means adopted are ludicrously simple. Major Ross and his coadjutors are simply swabbing up the stinking pools in which the deadly mosquito breeds. All the big ports of Europe are fighting against the introduction of plague within their boundaries. How? By killing the rats that ships bear to their docks. The measures inestimably important in their consequences, are so plain and obvious that it seems impossible that they can be attended by great result. Naaman of old saw no virtue in the river in which he was bidden to bathe for the cure of his leprosy: it was too commonplace a remedy. It is possible that when we come to a proper understanding of cancer's causation, we shall find that in its prevention at any rate we have at hand as simple and natural a way as any employed in the cases cited.

CANCER HAUNTS.

Cancer may yet teach us the lesson that common prudence has hitherto overlooked. If we must build our houses in swamps, we have first of all got to drain those swamps, and so contrive matters that there shall be no recurrent floods. Cancer is neither contagious nor infectious, your medical man will tell you. Possibly not. The Thames Valley, with its swamps and floods, is one of the greatest breeding grounds. Something which the scientist cannot as yet define, infects certain quarters. Three men successively occupying one house all died of cancer; in another instance, each of three cottages built under one roof, had a cancer fatality within six years. It may almost be said that all low-lying property on a swampy, clayey soil, predisposes a resident to cancer. The sanitary engineer will have his share in the triumph over our great enemy.

WHAT SHALL WE DO WITH OUR BOYS.

How shall we, when choosing a profession for our boys, guard them against risk of cancer? Well, whatever else they be, they shan't be sweeps. The results of investigation are perplexing, as the following comparative table compiled by the Registerar-General shows:—All occupied males, 44; all unoccupied males 96; grocers, 34; clergy, 35; potters, 35; coal-miners, 36; farmers, 36; fishmongers, 42; medical practitioners, 43; blacksmiths, 45; fishermen, 46; porters, 48; general labourers, 48; drapers, 49; shoemakers, 50; labourers, 51; tobacconists, 51; plumbers, 53, inn keepers, 53; coal-heavers, 56; butchers, 57; coachman and grooms, 58; tool and scissors makers; 58; gasworkers, 59; lawyers, 60; merchant seamen 60. malsters 61; commercial travellers, 63; inn and hotel servants, 65; brewers, 70; innkeepers in London 70; chimney-sweeps, 156. Journalists, apparently, do not count.

A RAY OF HOPE.

The crowded condition of life, insanitary areas, lack of breathing space, all that tends to physical degeneration, are at work to produce the results of which we read. Returns would have us believe that the increase in cancer mortality has been from 242 males and 519 females to 764 and 829 each per million of population since 1850. That the disease is rife among us is certain, but the increase may be more apparent than real. Nowadays we diagnose much more skilfully than formerly, and it is unlikely any case now escapes detection. We may have been a good deal worse than old-time figures represent. At any rate there is hope in the fact that every surgeon is now on the look-out for the appearance of the affection with a view to immediate operation with the best means at present available. That fact and a growing recognition of the necessity for healthier conditions of life for the people give a great encouragement for the future.

AS OF OLD TIME.

It is a coincidence which cannot have escaped notice that there are at present in arms tribes of two very ancient races, both battling against the irresistible forces of civilisation. Between the Indians of North America and the Hottentots of German South Africa is a great gulf, ethnically as well as geographically, but there is a wealth of romance behind the story of each; a story in some respects common to both. The early settlers in America were making acquaintance with the Rodskin tomahawk pretty much at the time that the Netherlanders were preparing the deadliness of the Hottentot assegai. The puissance of those weapons has been proved again and again from time to time and the results written in records of blood and agony. It is a matter of rifles with the Hottentots to-day. So it was once before when nearly a thousand of them trained to European arms, threw in their lot with the enemy in the eighth Kaffir war. It was to carry troops for the suppression of that rising that the Birkenhead went to its doom.

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MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
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COFFEES—Received the Grand Prix at Paris Exhibition.

WHISKIES—Old and mellow.

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COFFEES—Roast and ground daily in India, therefore always fresh.

TEAS—A treat for all.

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For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

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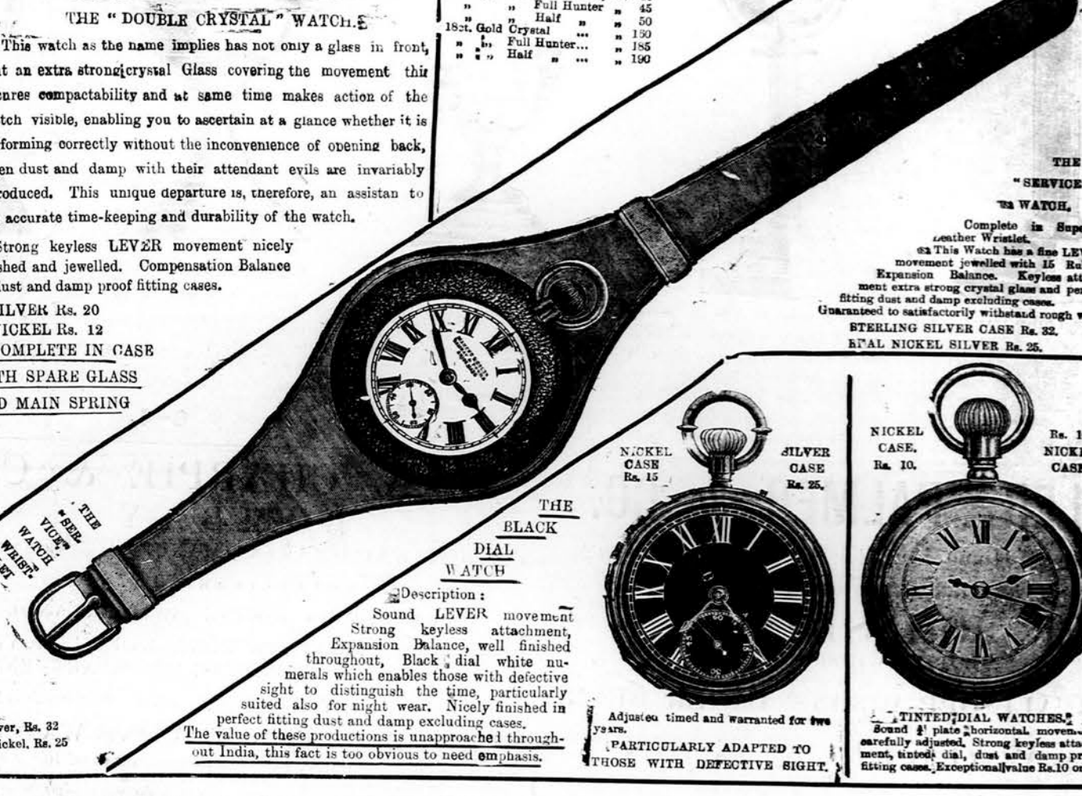

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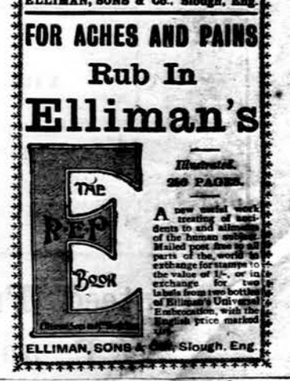

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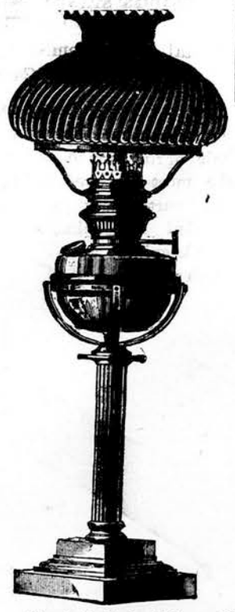

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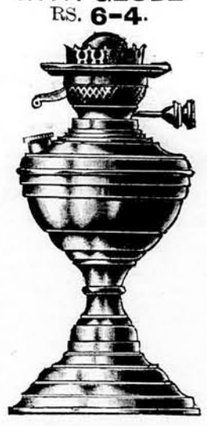

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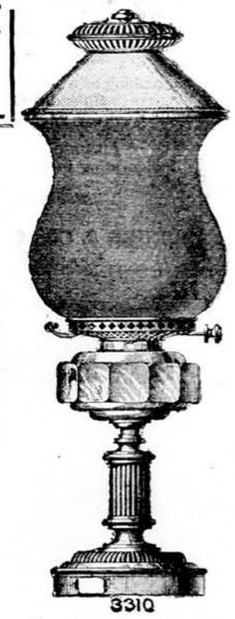

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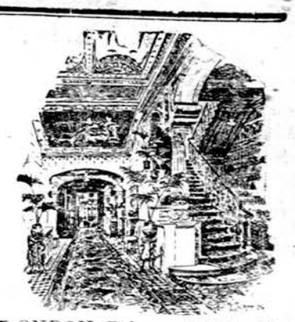

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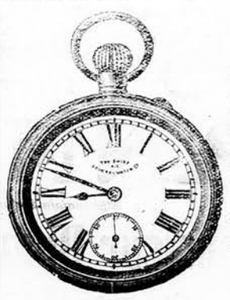

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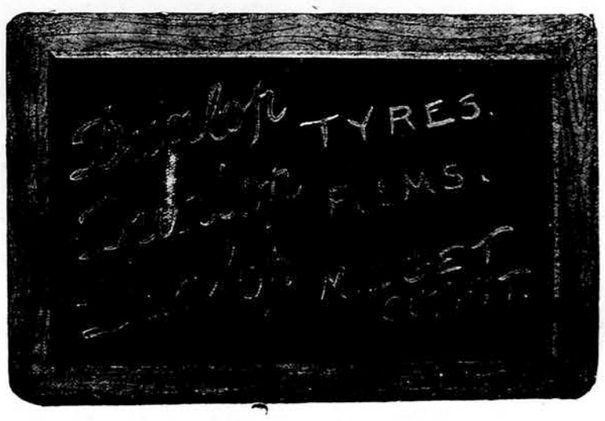

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